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1.) Identification of the Mixture and of the Company

Product identifier: Crown Off-Line Contact Cleaner - Aerosol

Product name:

8276 Off-Line Contact Cleaner

Relevant identified uses of the substance: Use on relays, switches, contacts, circuit breakers, plugs and jacks, terminals, circuit boards, generators, electromechanical assemblies and fusible disconnects, and some plastic conveying equipment.

Uses advised against: Poorly ventilated areas

CAS No: Not Applicable (mixture)
EC No: Not Applicable (mixture)
Index No: Not Applicable (mixture)

Manufacturer/Supplier: Aervoe Industries Incorporated

Street address/P.O. Box: 1100 Mark Circle

Country ID/Postcode/Place Gardnerville, Nevada 89410 Telephone number: 001 (0) 1-775-782-0100

e-mail: **bull (b) 1-7/3-782-0100**mailbox@aervoe.com

National contact: Aervoe industries Incorporated

For Product Information: 001 (0) 1-800-227-0196

Emergency telephone number: **001 (0) 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC – 24 hrs)**

English Language Service

2. Hazards identification

Classifications

Physical Hazards: Aerosol - Category 1

Press. Gas Flam. Liq. 2

Health Hazards: Eye Irrit. 2

STOT SE 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Repr.2 STOT RE 2 Skin, Irrit. 2

Environmental Hazards: Aquatic Chronic 3

Labeling

Signal Word: Danger

Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared/Revised: 2/12/2015 Version no.: 01 Supersedes: (-)

Hazard Statements:

H222 – Extremely Flammable Aerosol

H225 – Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 - Pressurized container: may burst if heated

H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 – Causes skin irritation.

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 – May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 – May cause genetic defects

H350 – May cause cancer

H361 – Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 – May cause damage to nervous system through prolonged or

repeated exposure(Inhalation)

H411 – Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements:

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
- P102 Keep out of reach of children
- P103 Read label before use
- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces no smoking
- P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
- P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
- P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing
- P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling
- P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection
- P303+P361+P353 If on skin or hair, remove/takeoff immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F
- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation
- P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use



Symbols/Pictograms:

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients



Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared/Revised: 2/12/2015 Version no.: 01 Supersedes: (-)

Chemical	Synonyms	CAS Number	EINECS Number	Weight Percent	Hazard Category	H-Code
Hexane	n-Hexane	110-54-3	203-777-6	60-100%	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
					Repr. 2	H361f ***
					Asp. Tox. 1	H304
					STOT RE 2	H373 **
					Skin Irrit. 2	H315
					STOT SE 3	H336
					Aquatic	H411
					Chronic 2	
Isopropanol	Isopropyl	67-63-0	200-661-7	7-13%	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
	Alcohol				Eye Irrit. 2	H319
					STOT SE 3	Н336
Carbon Dioxide	CO2	124-38-9	204-696-9	3-7%	N/AV	H229

Other Product Information

Chemical Identity: Mixture

4.) First Aid Measures

General Advice: If symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

Inhalation First Aid: Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is

difficult. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably

mouth to mouth. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact First Aid: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before

reuse.

Eye Contact First Aid: If contact with eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids open. Get medical

attention immediately.

Ingestion First Aid: If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided the person is

conscious. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Most Important

Symptoms/Effects: Exposure may cause slight irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract.

Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable Properties: Aerosol

Auto Ignition Temperature: Not Available

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known

Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture:

None known

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide

Fire & Explosion Hazards: Closed Containers may rupture due to the buildup of pressure

from extreme temperatures.

Precautions for fire-fighters: Use water spray to cool containers exposed to heat or fire to prevent

pressure build up. In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH- approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece

operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES:

- 1) Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in section 8.
- 2) Maintain adequate ventilation.

SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:

- 1.) Evacuate unprotected personnel from the area.
- 2.) Remove sources of ignition if safe to do so.
- 3.) Pickup spilled materials using non-sparking tools and place in an appropriate container for disposal.
- 4.) Contain spill to prevent material from entering sewage or ground water systems.
- 5.) Always dispose of waste materials in accordance with all EU, National and Local Regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Flammable Aerosol, use in a well ventilated area.

Do not use near sources of ignition.

Do not to eat, drink and smoke while working with this material.

Wash hands after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store out of direct sunlight.

Storage Temperature: 32° to 120°F (0° to 49°C).

No known incompatibilities.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure adequate ventilation. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits.

Keep away from sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Personal Protection:

Eye & face protection devices such as safety glasses, safety goggles or face shield are recommended.

Skin protection

Wear the appropriate protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection:

Use only in an adequately ventilated area. For unknown vapor concentrations use a positive-pressure, pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Hazardous Ingredient	CAS Number	ACGIH TLV (TWA)	ACGIH TLV (STEL)	OSHA PEL (TWA)	OSHA PEL (STEL)
Hexane	110-54-3	50ppm	N/AV	500ppm	N/AV
Isopropanol	67-63-0	200ppm	400ppm	400ppm	N/AV
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	5000ppm	30000ppm	5000ppm	N/AV

^{*}Values are based on the 2014 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values by ACGIH

9. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Clear, colorless	Odor: HydrocarbonOdor
Odor Threshold: N/AV	pH: Not Applicable (solvent Base)
Melting Point: N/AV	Freezing Point: N/AV
Initial Boiling Point: N/AV	Boiling Point Range: N/AV
Flash Point: <0° F (-18° C)	Evaporation Rate: Faster Than n-Butyl
	Acetate
Flammability Solid/Gas: Flammable aerosol	LEL: 0.6% UEL: 12%
Vapor Pressure: N/AV	Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air
Relative Density: N/AV	Solubility: Negligible
Partition Coefficient:	Auto-ignition Temperature: N/AV
n-octanol/ water: N/AV	
Decomposition Temperature: N/AV	Viscosity: N/AV
Explosive Properties: N/AV	Oxidizing Properties: N/AV

10. Stability & Reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions Conditions to avoid: Heat and ignition sources Incompatible materials: Strong Oxidizing Agents Hazardous decomposition products: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Repeated overexposure can also damage kidneys, lungs, liver, heart and blood

Routes of exposure: Eyes, skin, ingestion, and/or inhalation

Acute toxicological data: (Hexane) LD50: 2870 mg/kg (Rat-Oral)

Eye irritation data: N/AV

Skin irritation/sensitization/absorption data: N/AV Reproductive toxicity data: N/AV

Mutagenicity data: N/AV

Symptoms associated with physical contact: N/AV

Acute/chronic effects from short/long

term exposure: Irritating to skin. Prolonged/repeated contact may

cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Known reportable carcinogens via the following agencies:

NTP: N/AV IARC: N/AV OSHA: N/AV

^{*} Petroleum distillates may contain chemical carcinogens in limited quantities (< 0.01%). These quantities are determined by the supplier/fraction/purity of the distillate during the manufacturing process. Chemicals that may be present within distillates are listed on California's prop 65 list such as ETHYLBENZENE, BENZENE, and TOLUENE.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No Data Available

Persistence and degradability: **No Data Available** Bioaccumulative potential: **No Data Available**

Mobility in soil: No Data Available

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: No Data Available

Other adverse effects: No Data Available

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance with EU, national and local requirements. For proper disposal of used material, an assessment must be completed to determine the proper and permissible waste management options permitted under applicable rules, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

Product / Packaging disposal: Dispose of packaging in accordance with federal, state and local requirements, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

14. Transportation Information

US DOT

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not	Not	Reference 49
			Applicable	Applicable	CFR 172.101

IMDG

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not	Not	Reference
			Applicable	Applicable	IMDG code
					part 3

IATA:

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols, Flammable	2.1	Not	Not	Reference
			Applicable	Applicable	IATA
					Dangerous
					Goods
					Regulation

15. Regulatory Information

Workplace classification:

This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR

1910.1200). The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's interpretation of the product's hazard to workers.

SARA Title 3:

Section 311/312 Categorizations (40 CFR 372): This product is a hazardous chemical under 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is categorized as an immediate and delayed health, and flammability physical hazard. Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) category. SARA requires reporting any spill of any hazardous substance.

TSCA status: All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

WHMIS: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the (M)SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. **PROP 65 (CA):** WARNING: This product may contain chemicals know to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

This SDS has been completed in accordance with GHS Rev04 (2011): U.S OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS standards, and European Directives.

Date of Preparation/Revision: 2/12/2015

Supersedes: (-)

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is believed to be accurate. However, the above data does not imply any guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials made present un-known hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards existing.

1.) Identification of the Mixture and of the Company

Product identifier: Crown Cutting Oil - Aerosol

Product name:

7020 Crown Cutting Oil

Relevant identified uses of the substance: This cutting oil is designed for applications requiring cooling and lubricating at the point of work. Used for sawing and drilling metal. Use on pipe threaders, gear cutter, grinders, drill presses, automatic screw machines and turet lathes.

Uses advised against: Poorly ventilated areas

CAS No: Not Applicable (mixture)
EC No: Not Applicable (mixture)
Index No: Not Applicable (mixture)

Manufacturer/Supplier: Aervoe Industries Incorporated

Street address/P.O. Box: 1100 Mark Circle

Country ID/Postcode/Place Gardnerville, Nevada 89410
Telephone number: 001 (0) 1-775-782-0100
e-mail: mailbox@aervoe.com

National contact: Aervoe Industries Incorporated

For Product Information: 001 (0) 1-800-227-0196

Emergency telephone number: **001 (0) 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC – 24 hrs)**

English Language Service

2. Hazards identification

Classifications

Physical Hazards: Aerosol - Category 1

Press. Gas Flam. Gas. 1

Health Hazards:

Carc. 1B Muta. 1B

Environmental Hazards: N/AV

Labeling

Signal Word: Danger



Hazard Statements: H220 – Extremely flammable gas.

H222 – Extremely Flammable Aerosol

H229 - Pressurized container: may burst if heated

H340 – May cause genetic defects

H350 – May cause cancer

Precautionary Statements: P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102 - Keep out of reach of children

P103 - Read label before use

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - no smoking

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P264 - Wash ... thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin or hair, remove/takeoff immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding $50^{\circ}\text{C}/122^{\circ}\text{F}$

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation

P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use



Symbols/Pictograms:

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Composition

Chemical	Synonyms	CAS Number	EINECS Number	Weight Percent	Hazard Category	H-Code
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	Solvent Naphtha	64742-52-5	265-155-0	15-40%	Carc. 1B	H350
Hydrocarb	LPG	68476-86-8	270-705-8	10-30%	Press. Gas	H220



Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared/Revised: 7/29/2015 Version no.: 02 Supersedes: (12/4/2014)

on			Flam. Gas 1	H350
Propellant			Carc. 1B	H340
_			Muta. 1B	

Other Product Information

Chemical Identity: Mixture

4.) First Aid Measures

General Advice: If symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

Inhalation First Aid: Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is

difficult. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably

mouth to mouth. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact First Aid: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before

If contact with eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water **Eye Contact First Aid:**

for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids open. Get medical

attention immediately.

If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided the person is **Ingestion First Aid:**

conscious. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Most Important

Symptoms/Effects: Exposure may cause slight irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract.

Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable Properties: Aerosol

Auto Ignition Temperature: Not Available

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray. Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known

Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture:

None known

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide

Closed Containers may rupture due to the buildup of pressure Fire & Explosion Hazards:

from extreme temperatures.

Precautions for fire-fighters: Use water spray to cool containers exposed to heat or fire to prevent

pressure build up. In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH- approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece

operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES:

- 1) Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in section 8.
- 2) Maintain adequate ventilation.

SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:

- 1.) Evacuate unprotected personnel from the area.
- 2.) Remove sources of ignition if safe to do so.
- 3.) Pickup spilled materials using non-sparking tools and place in an appropriate container for disposal.
- 4.) Contain spill to prevent material from entering sewage or ground water systems.
- 5.) Always dispose of waste materials in accordance with all EU, National and Local Regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Flammable Aerosol, use in a well ventilated area.

Do not use near sources of ignition.

Do not to eat, drink and smoke while working with this material.

Wash hands after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store out of direct sunlight.

Storage Temperature: 32° to 120°F (0° to 49°C).

No known incompatibilities.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure adequate ventilation. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits.

Keep away from sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Personal Protection:

Eye & face protection devices such as safety glasses, safety goggles or face shield are recommended.

Skin protection

Wear the appropriate protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection:

Use only in an adequately ventilated area. For unknown vapor concentrations use a positive-pressure, pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Hazardous Ingredient	CAS Number	ACGIH TLV (TWA)	ACGIH TLV (STEL)	OSHA PEL (TWA)	OSHA PEL (STEL)
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-52- 5	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Hydrocarbon Propellant	68476-86- 8	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV

^{*}Values are based on the 2014 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values by ACGIH

9. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Clear yellow liquid	Odor: Mild odor
Odor Threshold: N/AV	pH: Not Applicable (solvent Base)
Melting Point: N/AV	Freezing Point: N/AV
Initial Boiling Point: N/AV	Boiling Point Range: N/AV
Flash Point: <0° F (-18° C)	Evaporation Rate: Faster than n-Butyl
	Acetate
Flammability Solid/Gas: Flammable gas	LEL: 1.8% UEL: 9.5%
Vapor Pressure: N/AV	Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air
Relative Density: N/AV	Solubility: Negligible
Partition Coefficient:	Auto-ignition Temperature: N/AV
n-octanol/ water: N/AV	
Decomposition Temperature: N/AV	Viscosity: N/AV
Explosive Properties: N/AV	Oxidizing Properties: N/AV

10. Stability & Reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions Conditions to avoid: Heat and ignition sources Incompatible materials: Strong Oxidizing Agents Hazardous decomposition products: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Repeated overexposure can also damage kidneys, lungs, liver, heart and blood

Routes of exposure: Eyes, skin, ingestion, and/or inhalation

Acute toxicological data: N/AV

Eye irritation data: N/AV

Skin irritation/sensitization/absorption data: N/AV Reproductive toxicity data: N/AV

Mutagenicity data: N/AV

Symptoms associated with physical contact: N/AV

Acute/chronic effects from short/long

term exposure: Irritating to skin. Prolonged/repeated contact may

cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Known reportable carcinogens via the following agencies:

NTP: N/AV IARC: N/AV OSHA: N/AV

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No Data Available

Persistence and degradability: **No Data Available** Bioaccumulative potential: **No Data Available**

Mobility in soil: No Data Available

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: No Data Available

Other adverse effects: No Data Available

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance with EU, national and local requirements. For proper disposal of used material, an assessment must be completed to determine the proper and permissible waste management options permitted under applicable rules, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

^{*} Petroleum distillates may contain chemical carcinogens in limited quantities (< 0.01%). These quantities are determined by the supplier/fraction/purity of the distillate during the manufacturing process. Chemicals that may be present within distillates are listed on California's prop 65 list such as ETHYLBENZENE, BENZENE, and TOLUENE.

Product / Packaging disposal: Dispose of packaging in accordance with federal, state and local requirements, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

14. Transportation Information

US DOT

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not	Not	Reference 49
			Applicable	Applicable	CFR 172.101

IMDG

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Reference IMDG code
					part 3

IATA:

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols, Flammable	2.1	Not	Not	Reference
			Applicable	Applicable	IATA
					Dangerous
					Goods
					Regulation

15. Regulatory Information

Workplace classification:

This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's interpretation of the product's hazard to workers.

SARA Title 3:

Section 311/312 Categorizations (40 CFR 372): This product is a hazardous chemical under 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is categorized as an immediate and delayed health, and flammability physical hazard. Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) category. SARA requires reporting any spill of any hazardous substance.

TSCA status: All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

WHMIS: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the (M)SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. **PROP 65 (CA):** WARNING: This product may contain chemicals know to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. Other Information



This SDS has been completed in accordance with GHS Rev04 (2011): U.S OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS standards, and European Directives.

Date of Preparation/Revision: 7/29/2015

Supersedes: 12/4/2014

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is believed to be accurate. However, the above data does not imply any guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials made present un-known hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards existing.

1.) Identification of the Mixture and of the Company

Product identifier: Aervoe 937 Tef-Lube - Aerosol

Product name: 937 Tef-Lube

Relevant identified uses of the substance: Sporting equipment, recreational sports vehicles, aircraft maintenance, automotive assemblies, office machines and home appliances.

Uses advised against: Check surface compatibility by testing small area first, product may affect certain rubber, plastic and painted surfaces.

CAS No: Not Applicable (mixture)
EC No: Not Applicable (mixture)
Index No: Not Applicable (mixture)

Manufacturer/Supplier: Aervoe Industries Incorporated

Street address/P.O. Box: 1100 Mark Circle

Country ID/Postcode/Place Gardnerville, Nevada 89410
Telephone number: 001 (0) 1-775-782-0100
e-mail: mailbox@aervoe.com

National contact: Aervoe industries Incorporated

For Product Information: 001 (0) 1-800-227-0196

Emergency telephone number: **001 (0) 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC – 24 hrs)**

English Language Service

2. Hazards identification

Classifications

Physical Hazards: Aerosol - Category 2

Press. Gas

Health Hazards:

Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B

Environmental Hazards: N/AV

Labeling

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

H223 – Flammable aerosol.



Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared/Revised: 8/10/2015 Version no.: 02 Supersedes: (12/18/2014)

H229 - Pressurized container: may burst if heated

H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H350 – May cause cancer

Precautionary Statements:

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
- P102 Keep out of reach of children
- P103 Read label before use
- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces no smoking
- P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
- P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
- P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing
- P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling
- P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection
- P303+P361+P353 If on skin or hair, remove/takeoff immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F
- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation
- P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use



Symbols/Pictograms:

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Composition

Chemical	Synonyms	CAS Number	EINECS	Weight	Hazard Category	H-Code
			Number	Percent		
Aliphatic	Solvent	64742-96-7	265-200-	30-60%	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Petroleum	Naphtha		4			
Distillates						
Solvent	Hydrocarbo	64742-53-6	265-156-	15-40%	Carc. 1B	H350
Refined	n		6			



Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared/Revised: 8/10/2015 Version no.: 02 Supersedes: (12/18/2014)

Paraffinic						
Lubricating oils	Baseoil	72623-86-0	276-737- 9	7-13%	Carc. 1B	H350
Carbon Dioxide	CO2	124-38-9	204-696- 9	1-5%	N/AV	H229

Other Product Information

Chemical Identity: Mixture

4.) First Aid Measures

General Advice: If symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

Inhalation First Aid: Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is

difficult. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably

mouth to mouth. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact First Aid: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before

reuse.

Eye Contact First Aid: If contact with eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids open. Get medical

attention immediately.

Ingestion First Aid: If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided the person is

conscious. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Most Important

Symptoms/Effects: Exposure may cause slight irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract.

Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable Properties: Aerosol

Auto Ignition Temperature: Not Available

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known

Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture:

None known

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide

Fire & Explosion Hazards: Closed Containers may rupture due to the buildup of pressure

from extreme temperatures.

Precautions for fire-fighters: Use water spray to cool containers exposed to heat or fire to prevent

pressure build up. In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH- approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece

operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES:

- 1) Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in section 8.
- 2) Maintain adequate ventilation.

SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:

- 1.) Evacuate unprotected personnel from the area.
- 2.) Remove sources of ignition if safe to do so.
- 3.) Pickup spilled materials using non-sparking tools and place in an appropriate container for disposal.
- 4.) Contain spill to prevent material from entering sewage or ground water systems.
- 5.) Always dispose of waste materials in accordance with all EU, National and Local Regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Flammable Aerosol, use in a well ventilated area.

Do not use near sources of ignition.

Do not to eat, drink and smoke while working with this material.

Wash hands after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store out of direct sunlight.

Storage Temperature: 32° to 120°F (0° to 49°C).

No known incompatibilities.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure adequate ventilation. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits.

Keep away from sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Personal Protection:

Eye & face protection devices such as safety glasses, safety goggles or face shield are recommended.

Skin protection

Wear the appropriate protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection:

Use only in an adequately ventilated area. For unknown vapor concentrations use a positive-pressure, pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Hazardous Ingredient	CAS Number	ACGIH TLV (TWA)	ACGIH TLV (STEL)	OSHA PEL (TWA)	OSHA PEL (STEL)
Aliphatic Petroleum	64742-96-	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Distillates	7				
Solvent Refined Paraffinic	64742-53- 6	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Lubricating oils	72623-86- 0	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	5000ppm	30000ppm	5000ppm	N/AV

^{*}Values are based on the 2014 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values by ACGIH

9. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Cloudy amber liquid	Odor: Banana odor
Odor Threshold: N/AV	pH: Not Applicable (solvent Base)
Melting Point: N/AV	Freezing Point: N/AV
Initial Boiling Point: N/AV	Boiling Point Range: N/AV
Flash Point: <0° F (-18° C)	Evaporation Rate: Slower than n-Butyl
	Acetate
Flammability Solid/Gas: Flammable aerosol	LEL: 0.6% UEL: 7%
Vapor Pressure: N/AV	Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air
Relative Density: N/AV	Solubility: Negligible
Partition Coefficient:	Auto-ignition Temperature: N/AV
n-octanol/ water: N/AV	
Decomposition Temperature: N/AV	Viscosity: N/AV
Explosive Properties: N/AV	Oxidizing Properties: N/AV

10. Stability & Reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions Conditions to avoid: Heat and ignition sources Incompatible materials: Strong Oxidizing Agents Hazardous decomposition products: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Repeated overexposure can also damage kidneys, lungs, liver, heart and blood

Routes of exposure: Eyes, skin, ingestion, and/or inhalation

Acute toxicological data: N/AV

Eye irritation data: N/AV

Skin irritation/sensitization/absorption data: N/AV Reproductive toxicity data: N/AV

Mutagenicity data: N/AV

Symptoms associated with physical contact: N/AV

Acute/chronic effects from short/long

term exposure: Irritating to skin. Prolonged/repeated contact may

cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Known reportable carcinogens via the following agencies:

NTP: N/AV IARC: N/AV OSHA: N/AV

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No Data Available

Persistence and degradability: **No Data Available** Bioaccumulative potential: **No Data Available**

Mobility in soil: No Data Available

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: No Data Available

Other adverse effects: No Data Available

^{*} Petroleum distillates may contain chemical carcinogens in limited quantities (< 0.01%). These quantities are determined by the supplier/fraction/purity of the distillate during the manufacturing process. Chemicals that may be present within distillates are listed on California's prop 65 list such as ETHYLBENZENE, BENZENE, and TOLUENE.

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance with EU, national and local requirements. For proper disposal of used material, an assessment must be completed to determine the proper and permissible waste management options permitted under applicable rules, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

Product / Packaging disposal: Dispose of packaging in accordance with federal, state and local requirements, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

14. Transportation Information

US DOT

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not	Not	Reference 49
			Applicable	Applicable	CFR 172.101

IMDG

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not	Not	Reference
			Applicable	Applicable	IMDG code
					part 3

IATA:

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols, Flammable	2.1	Not	Not	Reference
			Applicable	Applicable	IATA
					Dangerous
					Goods
					Regulation

15. Regulatory Information

Workplace classification:

This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's interpretation of the product's hazard to workers.

SARA Title 3:

Section 311/312 Categorizations (40 CFR 372): This product is a hazardous chemical under 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is categorized as an immediate and delayed health, and flammability physical hazard. Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) category. SARA requires reporting any spill of any hazardous substance.

TSCA status: All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

WHMIS: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the (M)SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. **PROP 65 (CA):** WARNING: This product may contain chemicals know to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. Other Information

This SDS has been completed in accordance with GHS Rev04 (2011): U.S OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS standards, and European Directives.

Date of Preparation/Revision: 8/10/15

Supersedes: 12/18/2014

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is believed to be accurate. However, the above data does not imply any guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials made present un-known hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards existing.



SAFETY DATA SHEET GALVANIZED STEEL PRODUCTS

Section 1 - Identification

1(a) Product Identifier Used on Label: EMT, IMC, RIGID, FENCE, MECHANICAL, FLO-FORM ANGLE or CHANNEL

1(b) Other Means of Identification: Galvanized Carbon Steel-Pipe, Tube & Shaped profile

1(c) Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use: None

1(d) Name, Address and Telephone Number of the Manufacturer:

Allied Tube & Conduit Corp 16100 South Lathrop Avenue Harvey, IL 60426 (708) 339-1610

1(e) Emergency Phone Number: (800) 424-9300 (24 Hours) CHEMTREC

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

*Note: Steel products as sold by Allied Tube & Conduit are not hazardous. However, operations such as burning, welding, sawing, brazing, grinding, and possibly machining, etc, which result in elevating the temperature of the product to or above its melting point or result in the generation of airborne particulates, may present health hazards.

2(a) Hazard Symbol, Hazard Classification, Signal Word and Hazard Statement:

Hazard Symbol	Hazard Classification	Signal Word	Hazard Statement
	 ■ Carcinogenicity – 2 ■ Reproductive Toxicology – 2 ■ Target Organ Systemic Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - 1 	DANGER	H315 – Causes skin irritation. H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction H334 – May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if
	■ Acute Toxicity — Oral 4 ■ Respiratory or Skin Sensitization — 2 ■ Target Organ Systemic Toxicity - Single Exposure - 3	DANGER	inhaled. H335 – May cause respiratory irritation. H351 – Suspected of causing cancer H401 – Toxic to aquatic life

2(b) Precautionary Statements:

P261 – Avoid breathing dust/fume; P264 – Wash thoroughly after handling; P270 – Do not eat, drink or smoke while using this product; P271 – Use only outdoors in well ventilated areas; P272 – Contaminated Work Clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace; P273 – Avoid release to the Environment; P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection; P302 – If on skin: Wash with plenty of water and seek medical attention if irritation or rash occurs; P304/340 – If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing; P308 – If exposed or concerned: Seek medical advice; P309 – If exposed and feel unwell: Seek medical attention; P363 – Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

2(c) Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None Known

2(d) Unknown Acute Toxicity Statement (mixture): None Known

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name, Common Name (synonyms), CAS Number and Other Identifiers and Concentration:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	% Weight
Iron	7439-89-6	231-096-4	95.7 - 98.3
Carbon	7440-44-0	231-153-3	≤ 0.25
Manganese	7439-96-5	231-105-1	≤ 0.95
Phosphorus	7723-14-0	231-768-7	≤0.035
Sulfur	7704-34-9	231-722-6	≤0.035
METALLIC COATING:			
Zinc	7440-66-6	231-175-3	0.50-3.00
Aluminum	7429-90-5	231-072-3	<0.10
Chromium	7440-47-3	231-157-5	<0.0005
Polymeric OD coating			<0.50
TALC - ID Coating	14807-96-6	238-877-9	≤0.10
Quartz - ID Coating	14806-60-7	238-878-4	0.1-1.0%
ID antimicrobial coating			<0.50

Section 4 - First-Aid Measures

4(a) Necessary First-Aid Instructions by Relevant Routes of Exposure.

*Note: Steel products under normal conditions do not present an inhalation, ingestion, or contact health hazard. However, operations such as burning, welding, sawing, brazing, grinding, and possibly machining, etc, which result in elevating the temperature of the product to or above its melting point or result in the generation of airborne particulates, may present health hazards.

Inhalation: In case of overexposure to airborne fumes and particulates, remove exposed person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult or has stopped, administer artificial respiration or oxygen as indicated. Seek medical attention promptly. Treat metal fume fever by bed rest and administer a pain and fever reducing medication.

Skin Contact: In case of overexposure to dusts or particulates, wash with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. If thermal burn occurs, flush area with cold water and get immediate medical attention.

Eye Contact: In case of overexposure to dusts or fumes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes occasionally lifting the eye lids. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Thermal burns should be treated as medical emergencies.

Ingestion: Not considered an ingestion hazard. However, if excessive amounts of dust or particulates are swallowed, treat symptomatically and supportively. Get medical attention.

4(b) Most Important Symptoms or Effects, and Any Symptoms that are Acute or Delayed:

Inhalation: Metallic taste in the mouth, dryness and irritation of the throat, followed by weakness, muscle pain and chills. No long term effects of metal fume fever have been noted.

Skin Contact: Not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect. **Eye Contact:** Not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect. **Ingestion:** Not likely to present an acute or chronic health effect.

Section 5 - Fire-Fighting Measures

Flashpoint/Flammable Limits: Not Applicable. NFPA Ratings: Health – 1; Fire – 0; Instability - 0

- **5(a) Suitable Extinguishing Equipment:** Steel Products in the solid state present no fire or explosion hazard. Prevent the accumulation of dust. Consider use of Class D extinguisher if large quantities of steel/zinc dust is generated.
- **5(b) Specific Hazards that Develop from the Chemical:** None as sold. Prevent the accumulation of dust. When burned, toxic smoke or fume may be emitted.
- **5(c) Special Protective Equipment or Precautions for Firefighters:** Self-contained NIOSH approved respiratory protection and full protective clothing when smoke from fire is present. Prevent release of runoff to sewers, storm drains, and /or water ways.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6(a) Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

RESPIRATORY: For welding or burning – NIOSH/MSHA approved dust and fume respirators should be used to avoid excessive inhalation of particulates. Appropriate respirator selection depends on the magnitude of exposure.

SKIN: Protective gloves should be worn as required for welding, burning, or handling operations. EYE: Use safety glasses or goggles as required for welding, burning or handling operations.

VENTILATION: Local exhaust ventilation should be provided when sawing, grinding or machining to prevent excessive dust or fume exposure. During welding, burning or brazing please follow the ANSI Standard Z49.1 "Safety in Welding and Cutting".

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Depending upon the conditions of use and specific work situations, additional protective equipment and/or clothing may be required to control exposures.

6(b) Methods and Materials Used for Containment: Not applicable for this product as sold/shipped. If material is in a dry state,

avoid inhalation of dust. Fine, dry material should be removed by vacuuming or wet sweeping methods to prevent spreading of dust. Avoid using compressed air. Collect material in appropriate, labeled containers for recovery or disposal in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120) and all other pertinent state and federal requirements.

6(c) Disposal Methods: Waste **Disposal Methods:** - Dispose used or unused product in accordance with applicable Federal,

State, and Local regulations. Please recycle. Do not release into sewers or waterways.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

- **7(a) Precautions for safe handling:** Operations with the potential for generating high concentrations of airborne particulates should be evaluated and controlled as necessary. Avoid breathing metal fumes and/or dusts
- **7(b) Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities:** Stable under normal conditions of use, storage, and transport. Will react with strong acid to liberate hydrogen.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Note: Steel Products under normal conditions do not present an inhalation, ingestion, or contact health hazard. These products contain trace quantities of various elements but not at reportable levels under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard Limit (29 CFR 1910.1200).

8(a) Control Parameters:

Ingredients	% Weight	EXPOSURE LIMITS (a) During operations (such as welding, burning, or cutting) where dust or fumes are generated.		
		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV (2015)	
Base metal: Iron	95.7 - 98.3	10 mg/M3 for iron oxide fume	5 mg/M3 for iron oxide fumes	
Alloying Elements: Carbon	≤ 0.25	None established	None established	
Manganese	≤ 0.95	(c) 5 mg/M3 – compounds	0.02 mg/M3 (resp.)	
METALLIC COATING:				
*Zinc, Zinc Dust or Fume	0.50-3.00	15 mg/M3 - zinc oxide dust 5 mg/M3 - zinc oxide fume or respirable dust	5 mg/M3 - zinc oxide fume (b) 10 mg/M3 – zinc oxide fume	
*Aluminum, Aluminum Dust or fume	<0.10	15 mg/M3 – metal dust 5 mg/M3 – respirable fraction	1 mg/M3 (resp.)	
Chromium	<0.0005	0.5 mg/M3 as Cr II or III 0.005 mg/M3 as Cr IV	0.5 mg/M3 as Cr II or III 0.05 mg/M3 as water soluble	
Polymeric OD coating	<0.50	n/a	n/a	
ID antimicrobial coating	<0.50	n/a	n/a	

⁽a) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1 https://www.osha.gov/dsg/annotated-pels/tablez-1.html

8(b) Appropriate Engineering Controls: Local exhaust ventilation should be provided when sawing, grinding or machining to prevent excessive dust or fume exposure. During welding, burning or brazing please follow the ANSI Standard Z49.1 "Safety in Welding and Cutting".

8(c) Individual Protection Measures:

RESPIRATORY: For welding or burning – NIOSH/MSHA approved dust and fume respirators should be used to avoid excessive inhalation of particulates. Appropriate respirator selection depends on the magnitude of exposure SKIN: Protective gloves should be worn as required for welding, burning, or handling operations. Cut resistant gloves should be used when handling steel products.

EYE: Use safety glasses or goggles as required for welding, burning or handling operations.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Depending upon the conditions of use and specific work situations, additional protective equipment and/or clothing may be required to control exposures.

⁽b) Denotes short term exposure limit (STEL).

⁽c) Denotes "ceiling limit" which is not to be exceeded at any time.

^{*} Subject to Section EPCRA 313 reporting.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

9(a) Appearance: Metallic gray

9(b) Upper/lower flammability or Explosive limits: N/A

9(c) Odor: Odorless **9(d) Vapor Pressure:**

9(d) Vapor Pressure: N/A 9(e) Odor Threshold: N/A 9(f) Vapor Density: N/A

9(g) pH: N/A

9(h) Relative Density: 7.86

9(i) Melting Point/freezing point: Melting Point of Base Material - 2750F Metallic Coating - 780F

9(j) Solubility(ies): N/A

9(k) Initial boiling point and boiling range: N/A

9(I) Flash point: N/A

9(m) Evaporation rate: N/A

9(n) Flammability: Steel Products in the Solid State present no fire or explosion hazard.

9(o) Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water: N/A

9(p) Auto-ignition temperature: N/A

9(q) Decomposition Temperature: 9(r) Viscosity: N/A

N/A - Not Applicable

ND - Not Determined for product as a whole

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

10(a) Reactivity: Stable under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Will react with strong acid to liberate hydrogen. At temperature above the melting point of the coating, galvanized pipe may liberate zinc fumes, carbon monoxide and oxides of nitrogen.

10(b) Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10(c) Possibility of Hazardous Reaction: None known.

10(d) Conditions to Avoid: Storage with strong acids; Prevent accumulation of dusts from welding or cutting

10(e) Incompatible Materials: Strong acids

10(f) Hazardous Decomposition Products: At temperatures above the melting point of the coating, galvanized pipe may liberate zinc fumes, carbon monoxide, and oxides of nitrogen.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

There are no Lethal Concentration/Dose information for galvanized steel products. Steel products under normal conditions do not present an inhalation, ingestion, or contact health hazard. However, operations such as burning, welding, sawing, brazing, grinding, and possibly machining, etc., which result in elevating the temperature of the product to or above its melting point or result in the generation of airborne particulates, may present health hazards.

Information provided below addresses potential exposure to dust or fume resulting from the operations identified above. Inhalation of zinc oxide (welding fume) may result in metal fume fever, which includes chills, muscle ache, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough; lassitude (weakness, exhaustion); metallic taste; headache; blurred vision; low back pain; vomiting; malaise (vague feeling of discomfort); chest tightness; dyspnea (breathing difficulty), decreased pulmonary function. Chronic inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dusts may lead to a benign pneumoconiosis (siderosis). Inhalation of high concentrations of ferric oxide may possibly enhance the risk of lung cancer development in workers exposed to pulmonary carcinogens. No long term effects of metal fume fever have been noted. IDLH=500 mg/M3.

Carcinogenicity: Welding fumes – IARC Group 2B, a mixture that is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

See Section 2 for Hazard Symbols, Hazard Classifications, Signal Words, Hazard Statements, and Precautionary Statements.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

12(a) Ecotoxicity (Aquatic & Terrestrial): No data available for galvanized steel products. Prevent the release of accumulated dusts or fume from entering storm drains and/or waterways.

12(b) Persistence and Degradability: No data available

12(c) Bioaccumulative Potential: No data available

12(d) Mobility in Soil: No data available for galvanized steel products. Prevent the release of accumulated dusts or

fume to soil that may migrate to groundwater: **12(e) Other Adverse Effects:** No data available

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

13(a) Disposal: Scrap metal and processing dusts should be collected for recovery and reuse. Dusts not collected for recovery should be classified and disposed of in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

13(b) Container Cleaning and Disposal: Not applicable.

Section 14 - Transport Information

14(a) UN Number: Not regulated

14(b) UN Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated **14(c) Transport Hazard Classes:** Not regulated

14(d) Packing Group: Not regulated14(e) Marine Pollutant: Not regulated14(f) Special Precautions: Not regulated

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS): This product is not hazardous and meets the definition of "article" under US OSHA HCS 29CFR1910.1200. However, dusts or fumes generated from operations such as burning, welding, sawing, brazing, grinding, and possibly machining, etc., which result in the generation of airborne particulates and/or fumes, may be regulated.

OSHA 29CFR1910.252(c)(6): Provide mechanical ventilation if welding/brazing product surface indoors. Provide air replacement or respiratory protection if welding/brazing in confined spaces.

SARA 311/312 Potential Hazard Categories: Immediate Acute Health Hazard; Delayed Chronic Health Hazard

Section 313 Supplier Notification: Galvanized steel products contain the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372: Zinc Compounds [CAS # 7440-66-6] 0.5 to 3% by weight.

California Proposition 65: This product contains chromium know to the State of California to cause cancer.

Toxic Substances Control Act: All product components are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

EU RoHS: Allied Tube & Conduit's metallic coating is considered lead-free. The aggregate lead content will be less than or equal to 0.1% by weight (an amount consistent with the RoHS directive).

EU REACH: The chromate passivation, < 0.1% by weight.

Section 16 - Other Information

This SDS was prepared by Atkore International, Inc. and covers its Allied Tube & Conduit galvanized steel products: EMT, IMC, RIGID, FENCE, MECHANICAL, FLO-FORM ANGLE or CHANNEL.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS) Classification Health Hazard = 1/Fire Hazard = 0/Physical Hazard = 0

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA): Health = 1/Fire = 0/Instability = 0

Revision History:

May 29, 2015 – Update to UN GHS Format July 19, 2010 – Update of content November 11, 2002 – Original Issue

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Issuing Date 20-Nov-2013 Revision Date 3-Jan-2017 Revision Number 0

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

GHS product identifier

Product Name Lock-Ease Aerosol

Other means of identification

Product Code(s) LE-5, LE-5BK (765-1384)

UN-Number UN1950

Synonyms Lock Lubricant, Graphited Lock Fluid

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use All types of locks, household appliances, tools, guns, reels and other mechanisms.

Uses advised against No information available

Supplier's details

Supplier Address AGS Company P.O. Box 729 Muskegon, MI 49443

TEL: 800-253-0403

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone

Number

800-255-3924

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2
Skin Sensitization	Category 1
Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Category 3
Flammable aerosols	Category 1

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Emergency Overview

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

- · Causes serious eye irritation
- May cause an allergic skin reaction
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- Extremely flammable aerosol
- Pressurized container: may burst if heated



Appearance Black, Liquid

Physical State Aerosol.

Odor Pungent

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

- · Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- · Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
- · Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
- Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
- · Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

General Advice

None

Eyes

- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin

- IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
- If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
- · Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation

- IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
- Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage

- · Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
- · Store locked up
- Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

Disposal

• Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Revision Date 1-Jan-2017

Other information

Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms

Lock Lubricant, Graphited Lock Fluid

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	Trade secret
Alkanes, C7-8-iso-	70024-92-9	55 - 60	*
Acetone	67-64-1	15-20	*
Butane	106-97-8	10-15	*
Propane	74-98-6	5-10	*
Calcium Sulfonate	-	< 1	*

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first-aid measures

Eye Contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Contact Wash skin with soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if exposed or you feel unwell

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water.

Protection of First-aiders Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin,

eyes and clothing.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Most Important Symptoms/Effects Drowsiness. Dizziness. Central nervous system depression. Irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Extremely flammable. Will form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Explosion Data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact
Sensitivity to Static Discharge
Yes.

Revision Date 1-Jan-2017

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes and clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Environmental Precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Cleaning Up For undamaged containers: Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. In case of

rupture: Soak up with inert absorbent material. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Sweep up and

shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Handling Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary

measures against static discharges. Do not smoke. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Contents under pressure. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin,

eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep containers tightly

closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep at temperatures below 50° C.

Incompatible Products Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Oxygen.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Acetone	STEL: 750 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm 10% LEL
67-64-1	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 2400 mg/m ³	TWA: 250 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 750 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m ³	
		(vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m ³	
		The acetone STEL does not	
		apply to the cellulose acetate	
		fiber industry. It is in effect for all	
		other sectors	
		(vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	

Butane 106-97-8	TWA: 1000 ppm	(vacated) TWA: 800 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m³	TWA: 800 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³
Propane 74-98-6	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m³	IDLH: 2100 ppm TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m³
Petroleum distillates, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic 64741-88-4	TWA: 5 mg/m³, as oil mist, mineral STEL: TWA: 10 mg/m³, as oil mist, mineral	TWA: 5 mg/m³, as oil mist, mineral	-
Benzene 71-43-2	STEL = 2.5 ppm TWA: 0.5 ppm S*	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 10 ppm (vacated) TWA: 10 ppm (vacated) STEL: 50 ppm (vacated) Ceiling: 25 ppm Ceiling: 25 ppm STEL: 5 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm TWA: 0.1 ppm STEL: 1 ppm

ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

Other Exposure Guidelines Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962

(11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Measures Eyewash stations. Showers. Explosion proof ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Skin and Body Protection

Property

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Wear protective gloves/clothing.

Respiratory Protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved

respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

Remarks/ - Method

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

Hygiene MeasuresDo not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Provide regular cleaning of equipment,

work area and clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical StateAerosolAppearanceBlack LiquidOdorPungentOdor ThresholdNo information available

No data available рH None known No data available None known Melting Point/Range **Boiling Point/Boiling Range** No data available None known Flash Point No data available None known **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limits in Air 12.8% upper flammability limit 1.0% lower flammability limit **Vapor Pressure** No data available None known **Vapor Density** Heavier than air Air = 1**Relative Density** No data available None known **Specific Gravity** 0.69-0.75 For concentrate **Water Solubility** Negligible None known Solubility in other solvents No data available None known Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNo data available None known **Autoignition Temperature** No data available None known

Values

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

No data available No data available None known

None known

Flammable Properties Not flammable

Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties

No data available No data available

Other information

VOC Content (%) 79%

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available.

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Temperatures above 50°C.

Incompatible materials

Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Oxygen.

Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides. Aldehydes. Nitrogen

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information Product does not present an acute toxicity hazard based on known or supplied information.

Inhalation May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause

central nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting, and

incoordination.

Eye Contact Causes serious eye irritation. **Skin Contact** May cause allergic skin reaction

Ingestion Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. May cause additional affects as listed

under "Inhalation".

Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetone	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	1700mg/kg (rabbit)	18892 mg/m³
Butane	-	-	658 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Propane	-	-	= 658 mg/L (Rat)4 h

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness Irritation

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Irritation Causes serious eye irritation

Sensitization Calcium sulfonate may cause skin sensitization.

Mutagenic Effects No information available.

Carcinogenicity Contains no ingredients above reportable quantities listed as a carcinogen.

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Reproductive Toxicity
STOT - single exposure
STOT - repeated exposure
Aspiration Hazard

No information available.

No information available.

No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product

Acute Toxicity 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Acetone 67-64-1		LC50 96 h: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 6210 - 8120 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 8300 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	EC50 48 h: 10294 - 17704 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: 12600 - 12700 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Petroleum distillates, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic 64741-88-4		LC50 96 h: > 5000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		EC50 48 h: > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic 64742-52-5		LC50 96 h: > 5000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		EC50 48 h: > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Benzene 71-43-2	EC50 72 h: = 29 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 10.7-14.7 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 22330-41160 µg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 70000-142000 µg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 22.49 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 28.6 mg/L static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50 96 h: = 5.3 mg/L flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		EC50 48 h: 8.76 - 15.6 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: = 10 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Chemical Name	Log Pow
Acetone	-0.24
Butane	2.89
Propane	2.3

Other Adverse Effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Methods This material, as supplied, is a hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR

261).

Contaminated Packaging Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Empty containers pose a

potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

D001 **US EPA Waste Number**

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Acetone - 67-64-1		Included in waste stream:		U002
		F039		

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste
Acetone	Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN1950 UN-Number

Aerosols, flammable Proper shipping name

Hazard Class

Reportable Quantity (RQ) Acetone: RQ kg= 11350.00

Description UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.1, RQ

Emergency Response Guide

Number

126

TDG

UN1950 UN-Number Aerosols **Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class**

Description UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1

UN-Number UN1950 **Proper Shipping Name** Aerosols 2.2

Hazard Class

Description UN1950, Aerosols, 2.2

ICAO

UN-Number UN1950 Aerosols Proper shipping name **Hazard Class** 2.2

UN1950, Aerosols, 2.2 Description

IATA

UN-Number UN1950

Aerosols, flammable **Proper Shipping Name**

Hazard Class 2.2 **ERG Code**

Description UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.2

IMDG/IMO

UN1950 **UN-Number Proper Shipping Name** Aerosols Hazard Class2Subsidiary ClassSee SP63EmS No.F-D, S-U

Description UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1 (See SP63)

UN-Number UN1950
Proper Shipping Name Aerosols

Hazard Class 2 Classification Code 5F

Description UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1

ADR

UN-Number UN1950
Proper Shipping Name Aerosols
Hazard Class 2
Classification Code 5F
Tunnel Restriction Code (D)

Description UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1, (D)

ADR/RID-Labels 2.1

Proper Shipping Name Aerosols
Hazard Class 2
Classification Code 5F

 Special Provisions
 190, 327, 344, 625

 Description
 UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1

Limited Quantity 1 L

Ventilation VE01, VE04

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies Complies

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

U.S. Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard Yes
Reactive Hazard No

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	RQ
Acetone	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	California Prop. 65
Benzene	71-43-2	_ Carcinogen
		Developmental
		Male Reproductive

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Acetone	Х	Х	Х		Х
Butane	Х	X	Х		Х
Propane	X	X	Х		Х

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION				
NFPA	Health Hazard 2	Flammability 3	Instability 0	Physical and Chemical Hazards -
HMIS	Health Hazard 2*	Flammability 3	Physical Hazard 1	Personal Protection X

Prepared By Product Stewardship

23 British American Blvd. Latham, NY 12110 1-800-572-6501 20-Nov-2013

Issuing Date20-Nov-2013Revision Date1-Jan-2017Revision NoteInitial Release.

General Disclaimer

The information provided on this SDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

Brigss & Stratton 2 Cycle Oil

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: 2 Cycle, TCW3™

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type

: Liquid.

Identified uses

Not available.

Supplier's details

: Brigss & Stratton Corporation

Milwaukee, WI 53201

Manufactured by

: Pinnacle Oil Holdings, LLC 8175-B Allison Ave. Indianapolis, IN 46268 Tel: 317-875-9465 Fax: 317-875-0889 www.pinnacleoil.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

: CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887

(24/7)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or mixture : Not classified.

GHS label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Precautionary statements

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have

product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Not applicable. Response : Not applicable. **Storage** : Not applicable. **Disposal** : Not applicable. Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.



Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of : Not available.

identification

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable. **Product code** : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Butene, homopolymer	10 - 30 1 - 5	64742-47-8 9003-29-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)



Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use high volume water jet as an extinguisher, as this may spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Carbon oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: No special measures are required.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

- : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Advice on general occupational hygiene
- : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 213 ppm TWA: 1200 mg/m³ ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Blue.

Odor : Petroleum.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 93 to 110°C (199.4 to 230°F)

Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive: Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : 0.87 to 0.88
Solubility : Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (100°C (212°F)): 0.075 to 0.082 cm²/s (7.5 to 8.2 cSt)

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.411 to 0.503 cm²/s (41.1 to 50.3 cSt)

Volatility : Not available.

VOC content : 29.5 % (w/w)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

There is no data available.

Irritation/Corrosion

There is no data available.

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
\(\(\tau\)\(\tau\)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Dermal contact. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Butene, homopolymer	7.6 to 7.8	314 to 1882	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

AERG: Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 4(a) final test rules: 2-Butenedioic acid (E)-, di-C8-18-alkyl esters TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 2-Butenedioic acid (E)-, di-C8-18-alkyl esters; Naphthalene

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

TSCA 12(b) one-time export: 2-Butenedioic acid (E)-, di-C8-18-alkyl esters United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Naphthalene Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Naphthalene

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class II Substances **DEA List I Chemicals**

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals) **DEA List II Chemicals**

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304



Section 15. Regulatory information

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%		Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Butene, homopolymer		Yes. No.		No. No.	No. Yes.	No. No.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light

paraffinic

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy

paraffinic; Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-refined; Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic; Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed

Pennsylvania : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Naphthalene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 02/28/2015

Version : 1

Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:1/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

<u>Product name:</u> CADWELD® Aluminum Welding Material

Inclusive of material types: A22 Applicable prefixes: ACB, ACC, ACL

Container size: 30 g - 2.5 kg

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application: Exothermic Welding material

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

<u>Manufacturer</u> ERICO International Corporation

34600 Solon Road Solon, Ohio 44139 Tel:(440) 248-0100

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone: Chemtel

1-800-255-3924 USA

+01-813-248-0585 International

Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:2/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA 2012: Flammable Solid, category 2;H228

Label elements



WARNING

H228 Flammable solid.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume

P280 Wear eve protection and gloves.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand to extinguish.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Other hazards

Other: Improper use of the product or inadequate preparation of the conductors, molds

or surroundings can result in aggressive reactions. Self-propagating high temperature reaction will occur if heated above ignition temperature. Generates molten metal in excess of 2500°F (1370°C), slag and dense, dusty smoke. The molten product can cause serious burns. Inhalation of powder or fumes may cause metal fume fever. Exposure to reaction by-products: See section 8.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Only classified substances above threshold limits are shown.

Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:3/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

OSHA 2012:

<u>%:</u>	CAS-No.:	EC No.:	REACH Reg. No:	Chemical name:	Hazard classification:	Notes:
30-60	7429-90-5	231-072-3	01-2119529243- 45-	Aluminium powder (stabilised)	Water-react. 2;H261 Flam. Sol. 1;H228	
1-<15	1317-39-1	215-270-7	01-2119513794- 36-	Dicopper oxide	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 1;H410	M = 1
1-<10	1317-38-0	215-269-1	01-2119502447- 44-	Copper oxide	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 3;H412	M = 1

Notes: M: M-Factor

References: The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Molten product will cause skin burns and if in contact with eyes while in a molten state may cause serious damage.

Inhalation: Inhalation of welding fumes/Dust inhalation: Move into fresh air and keep at rest.

In case of persistent throat irritation or coughing: Seek medical attention and

bring these instructions.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water. If material is

hot, treat for thermal burns and get immediate medical attention.

Eve contact: Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eye. Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to

15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids widely. If irritation

persists: Seek medical attention and bring these instructions.

<u>Ingestion:</u> Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Keep person under

observation. If person becomes uncomfortable seek hospital and bring these

instructions.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects: Inhalation of powder or fumes may cause metal fume fever. Symptoms like

headache, fatigue and nausea may appear. See section 11 for more detailed

information on health effects and symptoms.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical attention/treatments: Burns (in contact with molten metal, slag or hot equipment): Flush with water

immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.

Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:4/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Dry sand and/or flooding with large amounts of water after reaction is complete.

Extinguishing media which are not suitable: Hand water buckets or hand storage pumps. Molten metal contact with water can cause small pockets of superheated .

steam.

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards: During fire, health hazardous gases may be formed.

Ignition temperature: > 1650°F

The ignition of the packaging materials may, in rare cases, lead to ignition. Direct application of water is not recommended. This product makes use of fine grade aluminums that have the potential to have adverse chemical reactions if exposed to large volumes of water. These reactions can result in evolution of hydrogen gas that can significantly increase fire intensity and potential "explosion" hazards.

Ignition of large quantities of exothermic materials may result in large volumes of

dense smoke.

Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment for

fire-fighters:

Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire

precautions indicated in the workplace.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<u>Personal precautions:</u> Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not breathe fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet.

Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate well.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:

Precaution should be taken to prevent hot material and reaction byproducts from contact with combustible materials in surrounding areas. Avoid spreading dust or contaminated materials. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Contact

local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spill Cleanup Methods: Remove sources of ignition. Sweep up spilled substance and remove to safe

place.

For large spills use natural fiber brush or broom with a conductive, non-sparking

pan.

Reference to other sections

<u>References:</u> For personal protection, see section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13.

Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:5/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling advice: Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not breathe fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Observe good chemical hygiene practices. CADWELD Aluminum Welding Material is designed for use in CADWELD equipment only. Use of improper or damaged equipment can lead to exposure to molten metal and reaction

byproducts, resulting in personal injury.

<u>Technical measures:</u> Do not smoke or use open fire or other sources of ignition. Work practice should

minimize risk of contact. All product instructions should be followed to ensure proper welding and safety. For additional information, see American National

Standard, Safety In Welding And Cutting, and Z49.1.

<u>Technical precautions:</u> Confined space: Local exhaust is recommended.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures for safe

storage:

CADWELD Aluminum Welding Material should be stored in a clean, dry and secure location. Storage should include provisions to minimize rough handling, excessive vibration and physical abuse. All outer packages must be stored in accordance with label markings. Follow the rules for storage of flammable

products.

Storage conditions: If evidence is present of damaged or contaminated products, these units should

not be used.

If proper storage is maintained, CADWELD Materials do not exhibit any storage

or shelf life.

Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): Welding material

Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:6/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

CAS-No.:	Chemical name:	As:	Exposure limits:	Type:	Notes:	References:
7429-90-5	Aluminum, metal, total dust	Al	15 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7429-90-5	Aluminum, metal, respirable fraction	Al	5 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7429-90-5	Aluminum metal, respirable fraction	-	1 mg/m3	TWA	A4	ACGIH
7440-50-8	Copper, dusts and mists	Cu	1 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7440-50-8	Copper, fume	Cu	0.1 mg/m3	TWA	=	OSHA
7440-50-8	Copper dusts and mists	Cu	1 mg/m3	TWA	-	ACGIH
7440-50-8	Copper, fume	=	0.2 mg/m3	TWA	=	ACGIH
18282-10-5	Tin inorganic compounds (except oxides)	Sn	2 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
-	Tin oxide & inorganic compounds, except tin hydride	Sn	2 mg/m3	TWA	-	ACGIH
-	Fluorides	F	2.5 mg/m3	TWA	A4	ACGIH
=	Fluorides	F	2.5 mg/m3	TWA	=	OSHA
Notoo:	Λ 4 · N	lot Classifiable	on a Human Caroinas	100		

Notes: A4: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and

minimise the risk of inhalation of dust and fumes.

<u>Personal protection:</u> Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the relevant

standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Use special welding equipment for protection of eyes, skin and

respiratory system.

Respiratory equipment: Normal use precludes use of special protection as material is generally used

out of doors, in small quantities and is of short duration. In case of inadequate ventilation and work of long duration or on large surface areas in confined rooms. Wear suitable respiratory equipment for dusts and metal fumes.

<u>Hand protection:</u> Heat insulated protective gloves. Recommended for handling hot equipment.

<u>Eye protection:</u> Wear goggles/face shield. Avoid direct eye contact with "flash" of light from

reaction.

Skin protection: Use protective clothing, which covers arms and legs.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands after handling. Change contaminated clothing.

Product name: CADWELD® Aluminum Welding Material Page: 7/12

Supersedes date: 2013-04-11 Revision: 2015-07-29

SDS-ID: CADWELD_AWM_US Version number: US-EN/2.2

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: Powder

<u>Color:</u> Silvery-white <u>Odor:</u> Odorless.

pH: Not available.

Melting point / freezing point: 428°F

Boiling point: Not available.

Flash point: > 1650°F

Evaporation rate:Not relevant.Vapor pressure:Not relevant.Vapor density:Not relevant.

Relative density: 5.0

Solubility: Insoluble in water

<u>Partition coefficient</u> Not available.

(n-octanol/water):

<u>Auto-ignition</u> > 1650°F

temperature (°C):

<u>Decomposition</u> Not available.

temperature (°C):

<u>Viscosity:</u> Not relevant.

<u>Explosive properties:</u> Not available.

<u>Oxidizing properties:</u> Not available.

Other information

Other data: -

Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:8/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity: See hazardous reactions.

Chemical stability

Stable. Not sensitive to vibrations, shock or impact and is not subject to

spontaneous ignition.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

<u>Hazardous Reactions:</u> Aggressive reactions are possible if excess moisture is present in the mold or on

the conductors to be welded. Care should be taken to ensure proper preparation

in accordance with instruction prints.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions/materials to avoid: Temperatures above ignition point. 1650°F

Incompatible materials

<u>Incompatible materials:</u> Typical of problems associated with molten metals.

Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Hazardous decomposition</u> None under normal conditions. Polymerization will not occur.

products:

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

<u>Inhalation:</u> Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. Heating

above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular

pain.

Skin contact: Dust has an irritating effect on moist skin. Prolonged and/or repeated contact:

May cause eczema-like skin disorders (dermatitis). The molten product can

cause serious burns.

Eye contact: Particles/fumes in the eyes may cause discomfort/irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.

Dicopper oxide: LD50 > 500 mg/kg

Specific effects: Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time increases the risk of

developing lung diseases. Copper oxide may by repeated or prolonged inhalation occasionally cause ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum. Long term exposure to copper containing dusts may cause allergic dermatitis. Long term

exposure to tin oxide may cause stannosis.

This product contains no ingredient listed on the NTP, OSHA or IARC carcinogen

lists.

Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:9/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecotoxicity: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Dicopper oxide: EC50 (Daphnia magna, 48 hours): 0.51 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

<u>Degradability:</u> The product solely consists of inorganic compounds which are not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available on bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil

Mobility: The product is not volatile but may be spread by dust-raising handling.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB: This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:10/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number

<u>UN-No:</u> 3089

UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name: METAL POWDER, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Aluminum powder (stabilized))

Transport hazard class(es)

<u>Class:</u> 4.1

Packing group

PG:

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant:

Environmentally Hazardous -

substance:

Special precautions for user

Special precautions:

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

<u>Transport in bulk:</u> -

Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:11/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

<u>Special provisions:</u> State and local regulation may apply.

TSCA: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory.

SARA Section 302: No SARA Section 313: Yes

NFPA Rating: Health:2 Fire:1 Reactivity:1 Other:-

HMIS Rating: Health:2 Fire:1 Reactivity:1 Personal protection:B

B = Safety Glasses and Gloves.

<u>National regulation:</u> The following lists have been checked:

Threshold Limit Values (2014), ACGIH, by the American Conference on

Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

The Code of Federal Regulation, Title 29, part 1910. Occupational Safety and

Health Standards, Air contaminants (OSHA), with amendments.

NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards.

The Code of Federal Regulation, Title 29, part 1910. Occupational Safety and

Health Standards, Hazard Communication, with amendments.

U.S. Department of health and human services: 2014 - Report on Carcinogens -

13th Edition.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): IARC Monographs on the

Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. Lyon: IARC, World Health

Organization.

Threshold Limit Values (2015), ACGIH, by the American Conference on

Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

The Code of Federal Regulation. Title 40, part 355.50. Emergency Planning and

Notification.

The Code of Federal Regulation. Title 40, part 372.65. Toxic Chemical Release

Reporting: Community Right to Know.

Chemical Safety Assessment in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH)

CSA status: Not relevant.

Product name:CADWELD® Aluminum Welding MaterialPage:12/12Supersedes date:2013-04-11Revision:2015-07-29SDS-ID:CADWELD_AWM_USVersion number:US-EN/2.2

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The user must be instructed in the proper work procedure and be familiar with the contents of these instructions.

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16

<u>Abbreviations and acronyms</u> PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic. <u>used in the safety data sheet:</u> vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

Wording of H-statements:

H228 Flammable solid.

H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The information on this data sheet represents our current data and is reliable provided that the product is used under the prescribed conditions and in accordance with the application specified on the packaging and/or in the technical guidance literature. Any other use of the product which involves using the product in combination with any other product or any other process is the responsibility of the user.



Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:1/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product name: CADWELD® Electrical Welding Material

Inclusive of material types: F20, F80, F33, XF19, F76 Applicable prefixes: CA, SB, PB, XL, XF, ACB, ACC

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<u>Application:</u> Exothermic Welding material

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer ERICO International Corporation

34600 Solon Road Solon, Ohio 44139 Tel:(440) 248-0100

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone: Chemtel

1-800-255-3924 USA

+01-813-248-0585 International

Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:2/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA 2012: Acute Toxicity, category 4;H302

Label elements



WARNING

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Other hazards

Other: Improper use of the product or inadequate preparation of the conductors, molds

or surroundings can result in aggressive reactions. Self-propagating high temperature reaction will occur if heated above ignition temperature. Generates molten metal in excess of 2500°F (1370°C), slag and dense, dusty smoke. The molten product can cause serious burns. Inhalation of powder or fumes may cause metal fume fever. Exposure to reaction by-products: See section 8.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Only classified substances above threshold limits are shown.

Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:3/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

OSHA 2012:

<u>%:</u>	CAS-No.:	EC No.:	REACH Reg. No:	Chemical name:	Hazard classification:	Notes:
25-85	1317-39-1	215-270-7	01-2119513794- 36-	Dicopper oxide	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 1;H410	M = 1
1-30	1317-38-0	215-269-1	01-2119502447- 44-	Copper oxide	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 3;H412	M = 1
1-30	7440-50-8	231-159-6	01-2119480154- 42-	Copper	Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 3;H412	M = 1
1-20	7429-90-5	231-072-3	01-2119529243- 45-	Aluminium powder (stabilised)	Water-react. 2;H261 Flam. Sol. 1;H228	

Notes: M: M-Factor

References: The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Molten product will cause skin burns and if in contact with eyes while in a molten state may cause serious damage.

Inhalation: Inhalation of welding fumes/Dust inhalation: Move into fresh air and keep at rest.

In case of persistent throat irritation or coughing: Seek medical attention and

bring these instructions.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water. If material is

hot, treat for thermal burns and get immediate medical attention.

Eye contact: Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eye. Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to

15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids widely. If irritation

persists: Seek medical attention and bring these instructions.

Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Keep person under

observation. If person becomes uncomfortable seek hospital and bring these

instructions.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<u>Symptoms/effects:</u> Inhalation of powder or fumes may cause metal fume fever. Symptoms like

headache, fatigue and nausea may appear. See section 11 for more detailed

information on health effects and symptoms.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical attention/treatments: Burns (in contact with molten metal, slag or hot equipment): Flush with water

immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.

Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:4/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Extinguish with dry sand and/or flood with large amounts of water.

Extinguishing media which are not suitable: Hand water buckets or hand storage pumps. Molten metal contact with water can cause small pockets of superheated

steam.

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

<u>Specific hazards:</u> During fire, health hazardous gases may be formed.

Ignition temperature: >1750°F

In the event that the packaging materials are ignited, the immediate and direct application of large quantities of water will effectively eliminate the spread of fire to the surrounding areas. The ignition of the packaging materials may, in rare cases, lead to ignition. Direct application of a continuous heavy stream of water is

recommended.

Ignition of large quantities of exothermic materials may result in large volumes of

dense smoke.

Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment for

fire-fighters:

Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire

precautions indicated in the workplace.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not breathe fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet.

Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate well.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:

Precaution should be taken to prevent hot material and reaction byproducts from contact with combustible materials in surrounding areas. Avoid spreading dust or contaminated materials. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Contact

local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spill Cleanup Methods: Remove sources of ignition. Sweep up spilled substance and remove to safe

place.

For large spills use natural fiber brush or broom with a conductive, non-sparking

pan.

Reference to other sections

<u>References:</u> For personal protection, see section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13.

Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:5/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

<u>Safe handling advice:</u> Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not breathe fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Observe good chemical hygiene practices. CADWELD Exothermic Welding Materials and Filler Materials are designed for use in CADWELD equipment only. Use of improper or damaged equipment can lead to exposure to molten metal

and reaction byproducts.

<u>Technical measures:</u> Do not smoke or use open fire or other sources of ignition. Work practice should

minimize risk of contact. All product instructions should be followed to ensure proper welding and safety. For additional information, see American National

Standard, Safety In Welding And Cutting, and Z49.1.

<u>Technical precautions:</u> Confined space: Local exhaust is recommended.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures for safe

storage:

CADWELD Electrical Welding Material should be stored in a clean, dry and secure location. Storage should include provisions to minimize rough handling, excessive vibration and physical abuse. All outer packages must be stored in

accordance with label markings.

Storage conditions: If evidence is present of damaged or contaminated products, these units should

not be used.

If proper storage is maintained, CADWELD Materials do not exhibit any storage

or shelf life.

Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): Welding material

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

A detailed fume analysis was conducted on CADWELD Electrical Welding Materials. Reactions byproducts were tested for total dust, respirable dust, metals, acids, fluorides, and various elements identified in typical welding fume analysis. All sampling and analysis followed methodologies dictated by the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). A certified Industrial Hygienist did the sample collection and independent labs conducted all analytical work. Data collected was evaluated and compared to limits set by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienis ts (ACGIH) and OSHA. As a worse case scenario, calculations were completed based on a sealed 800 ft3 room with no ventilation. These calculations would indicate that the copper fume PEL would be the limiting factor. Under normal outdoor use or in ventilated areas threshold limits are beyond any expected exposure limits.

Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:6/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

Occupational exposure limits:

CAS-No.:	Chemical name:	As:	Exposure limits:	<u>Type:</u>	Notes:	References:
7429-90-5	Aluminum, metal, respirable fraction	Al	5 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7429-90-5	Aluminum, metal, total dust	Al	15 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7429-90-5	Aluminum metal, respirable fraction	-	1 mg/m3	TWA	A4	ACGIH
7440-21-3	Silicon, respirable fraction	-	5 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7440-21-3	Silicon, total dust	-	15 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7440-31-5	Tin, metal	Sn	2 mg/m3	TWA	-	ACGIH
7440-50-8	Copper, dusts and mists	Cu	1 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7440-50-8	Copper dusts and mists	Cu	1 mg/m3	TWA	-	ACGIH
7440-50-8	Copper, fume	Cu	0.1 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7440-50-8	Copper, fume	-	0.2 mg/m3	TWA	-	ACGIH
-	Fluorides	F	2.5 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
-	Fluorides	F	2.5 mg/m3	TWA	A4; BEI	ACGIH

Notes: A4: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

Exposure controls

<u>Engineering measures:</u> Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and

minimise the risk of inhalation of dust and fumes.

<u>Personal protection:</u> Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the relevant

standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Use special welding equipment for protection of eyes, skin and

respiratory system.

Respiratory equipment: Normal use precludes use of special protection as material is generally used

out of doors, in small quantities and is of short duration. In case of inadequate ventilation and work of long duration or on large surface areas in confined rooms. Wear suitable respiratory equipment for dusts and metal fumes.

<u>Hand protection:</u> Heat insulated protective gloves. Recommended for handling hot equipment.

Eye protection: Wear goggles/face shield. Avoid direct eye contact with "flash" of light from

reaction.

Skin protection: Use protective clothing, which covers arms and legs.

<u>Hygiene measures:</u> Wash hands after handling. Change contaminated clothing.

Product name: CADWELD® Electrical Welding Material Page: 7/12

 Supersedes date:
 2013-09-25
 Revision:
 2015-07-21

SDS-ID: CADWELD_EWM_US Version number: US-EN/3.3

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: Granular.

Color: Gray-black

Odor: Odorless.

pH: Not available.

Melting point / freezing point: 2000°F

Boiling point:Not available.Evaporation rate:Not relevant.Vapor pressure:Not relevant.Vapor density:Not relevant.

<u>Solubility:</u> Insoluble in water <u>Partition coefficient</u> Not available.

(n-octanol/water):

<u>Auto-ignition</u> > 1750°F

temperature (°C):

<u>Decomposition</u> Not available.

temperature (°C):

<u>Viscosity:</u> Not relevant.

<u>Explosive properties:</u> Not available.

<u>Oxidizing properties:</u> Not available.

Other information

Other data: SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water=1): 5.5

Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:8/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity: See hazardous reactions.

Chemical stability

Stability: Stable. Not sensitive to vibrations, shock or impact and is not subject to

spontaneous ignition.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Reactions: Aggressive reactions are possible if excess moisture is present in the mold or on

the conductors to be welded. Care should be taken to ensure proper preparation

in accordance with instruction prints.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions/materials to avoid: Temperatures above ignition point. 1750°F

Incompatible materials

<u>Incompatible materials:</u> Typical of problems associated with molten metals.

Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Hazardous decomposition</u> None under normal conditions. Polymerization will not occur.

products:

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation: Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. Heating

above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular

pain.

Skin contact: Dust has an irritating effect on moist skin. Prolonged and/or repeated contact:

May cause eczema-like skin disorders (dermatitis). The molten product can

cause serious burns.

<u>Eye contact:</u> Particles/fumes in the eyes may cause discomfort/irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.

Dicopper oxide: LD50 > 500 mg/kg

Specific effects: Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time increases the risk of

developing lung diseases. Copper oxide may by repeated or prolonged inhalation occasionally cause ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum. Long term

exposure to copper containing dusts may cause allergic dermatitis.

This product contains no ingredient listed on the NTP, OSHA or IARC carcinogen

lists.

Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:9/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecotoxicity: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Dicopper oxide: EC50 (Daphnia magna, 48 hours): 0.51 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

<u>Degradability:</u> The product solely consists of inorganic compounds which are not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available on bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil

Mobility: The product is not volatile but may be spread by dust-raising handling.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB: This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:10/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The product material has been tested by independent facilities in accordance with D.O.T. / U.N. CFR 49 and I.A.T.A. Dangerous Goods Regulations to determine the applicable ratings of this material. Based on the results of this testing, the CADWELD Electrical Welding Material is not classified as a flammable solid. Due to the minimal quantity present per package, this material and the CADWELD Electrical Welding Material package is shipped under provisions outlined under D.O.T. / U.N. 49 CFR 171.1 "General Regulations for the Transportation of Hazardous Material" and 173.4 "Exceptions for Small Quantities". All materials are packaged and marked at the factory in full compliance with these regulations. The product is covered by international regulation on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA).

. ogalanan an ana aanapan a	y.
<u>UN number</u>	
<u>UN-No:</u>	-
UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name:	-
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class:	-
Packing group	
<u>PG:</u>	-
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant:	-
Environmentally Hazardous substance:	-
Special precautions for user	
Special precautions:	-
Transport in bulk according to	Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Transport in bulk:	-

Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:11/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

<u>Special provisions:</u> State and local regulation may apply.

TSCA: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory.

SARA Section 302: No SARA Section 313: Yes

NFPA Rating: Health:2 Fire:1 Reactivity:1 Other:-

HMIS Rating: Health:2 Fire:1 Reactivity:1 Personal protection:B

B = Safety Glasses and Gloves.

<u>National regulation:</u> The following lists have been checked:

Threshold Limit Values (2014), ACGIH, by the American Conference on

Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

The Code of Federal Regulation, Title 29, part 1910. Occupational Safety and

Health Standards, Air contaminants (OSHA), with amendments.

NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards.

The Code of Federal Regulation, Title 29, part 1910. Occupational Safety and

Health Standards, Hazard Communication, with amendments.

U.S. Department of health and human services: 2014 - Report on Carcinogens -

13th Edition.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): IARC Monographs on the

Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. Lyon: IARC, World Health

Organization.

Threshold Limit Values (2015), ACGIH, by the American Conference on

Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

The Code of Federal Regulation. Title 40, part 355.50. Emergency Planning and

Notification.

The Code of Federal Regulation. Title 40, part 372.65. Toxic Chemical Release

Reporting: Community Right to Know.

Chemical Safety Assessment in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH)

<u>CSA status:</u> Not relevant.

Product name:CADWELD® Electrical Welding MaterialPage:12/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_EWM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.3

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The user must be instructed in the proper work procedure and be familiar with the contents of these instructions.

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16

<u>Abbreviations and acronyms</u> PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic. <u>used in the safety data sheet:</u> vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

Wording of H-statements:

H228 Flammable solid.

H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412
 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The information on this data sheet represents our current data and is reliable provided that the product is used under the prescribed conditions and in accordance with the application specified on the packaging and/or in the technical guidance literature. Any other use of the product which involves using the product in combination with any other product or any other process is the responsibility of the user.

Product name:CADWELD® Plus Welding MaterialPage:1/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_PLUS_USVersion number:US-EN/4.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product name: CADWELD® Plus Welding Material

Inclusive of material types: F20, F80, F33, XF19

Applicable prefixes: SB, PB, CA

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application: Exothermic Welding material

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer ERICO International Corporation

34600 Solon Road Solon, Ohio 44139 Tel:(440) 248-0100

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone: Chemtel

1-800-255-3924 USA

+01-813-248-0585 International

Product name:CADWELD® Plus Welding MaterialPage:2/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_PLUS_USVersion number:US-EN/4.0

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA 2012: Acute Toxicity, category 4;H302

Label elements



WARNING

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P330 Rinse mouth.

Other hazards

Other: Improper use of the product or inadequate preparation of the conductors, molds

or surroundings can result in aggressive reactions. Self-propagating high temperature reaction will occur if heated above ignition temperature. Generates molten metal in excess of 2500°F (1370°C), slag and dense, dusty smoke. The molten product can cause serious burns. Inhalation of powder or fumes may cause metal fume fever. Exposure to reaction by-products: See section 8.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Only classified substances above threshold limits are shown.

Product name:CADWELD® Plus Welding MaterialPage:3/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_PLUS_USVersion number:US-EN/4.0

OSHA 2012:

Notes:

<u>%:</u>	CAS-No.:	EC No.:	REACH Reg. No:	<u>Chemical name:</u>	Hazard classification:	Notes:
25-85	1317-39-1	215-270-7	01-2119513794- 36-	Dicopper oxide	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 1;H410	M = 1
1-30	1317-38-0	215-269-1	01-2119502447- 44-	Copper oxide	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 3;H412	M = 1
1-30	7440-50-8	231-159-6	01-2119480154- 42-	Copper	Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 3;H412	M = 1
1-20	7429-90-5	231-072-3	01-2119529243- 45-	Aluminium powder (stabilised)	Water-react. 2;H261 Flam. Sol. 1;H228	

M: M-Factor

References: The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Molten product will cause skin burns and if in contact with eyes while in a molten state may cause serious damage.

<u>Inhalation:</u> Inhalation of welding fumes/Dust inhalation: Move into fresh air and keep at rest.

In case of persistent throat irritation or coughing: Seek medical attention and

bring these instructions.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water. If material is

hot, treat for thermal burns and get immediate medical attention.

Eye contact: Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eye. Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to

15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids widely. If irritation

persists: Seek medical attention and bring these instructions.

<u>Ingestion:</u> Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Keep person under

observation. If person becomes uncomfortable seek hospital and bring these

instructions.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects: Inhalation of powder or fumes may cause metal fume fever. Symptoms like

headache, fatigue and nausea may appear. See section 11 for more detailed

information on health effects and symptoms.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical attention/treatments: Burns (in contact with molten metal, slag or hot equipment): Flush with water

immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.

Product name: CADWELD® Plus Welding Material 4/12 Page: Supersedes date: 2013-09-25 Revision: 2015-07-21 SDS-ID: CADWELD_PLUS_US US-EN/4.0 Version number:

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Extinguish with dry sand and/or flood with large amounts of water.

> Extinguishing media which are not suitable: Hand water buckets or hand storage pumps. Molten metal contact with water can cause small pockets of superheated steam.

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards: During fire, health hazardous gases may be formed.

Ignition temperature: >1750°F

In the event that the packaging materials are ignited, the immediate and direct application of large quantities of water will effectively eliminate the spread of fire to the surrounding areas. The ignition of the packaging materials may, in rare cases, lead to ignition. Direct application of a continuous heavy stream of water is recommended.

Ignition of large quantities of exothermic materials may result in large volumes of

dense smoke.

Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment for

fire-fighters:

Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire

precautions indicated in the workplace.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not breathe fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet.

Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate well.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions:

Precaution should be taken to prevent hot material and reaction byproducts from contact with combustible materials in surrounding areas. Avoid spreading dust or contaminated materials. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spill Cleanup Methods: Remove sources of ignition. Sweep up spilled substance and remove to safe

place.

For large spills use natural fiber brush or broom with a conductive, non-sparking

pan.

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13. References:

Product name:CADWELD® Plus Welding MaterialPage:5/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_PLUS_USVersion number:US-EN/4.0

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling advice: Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not breathe fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Observe good chemical hygiene practices. CADWELD PLUS integrated

packages are designed for use in CADWELD equipment only. Use of improper or

damaged equipment can lead to exposure to molten metal and reaction

byproducts.

<u>Technical measures:</u> Do not smoke or use open fire or other sources of ignition. Work practice should

minimize risk of contact. All product instructions should be followed to ensure proper welding and safety. For additional information, see American National

Standard, Safety In Welding And Cutting, and Z49.1.

<u>Technical precautions:</u> Confined space: Local exhaust is recommended.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures for safe

storage:

CADWELD PLUS material should be stored in a clean, dry and secure location.

Storage should include provisions to minimize rough handling, excessive

vibration and physical abuse. All outer packages must be stored in accordance

with label markings.

Storage conditions: If evidence is present of damaged or contaminated products, these units should

not be used.

If proper storage is maintained, the CADWELD PLUS unit and CADWELD

Welding Materials do not exhibit any storage or shelf life.

Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): Welding material

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

A detailed fume analysis was conducted on CADWELD PLUS. Reaction byproducts were tested for total dust, respirable dust, metals, acids, fluorides, various elements, and volatile organic compounds (VOC's). All sampling and analysis followed methodologies dictated by the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). A certified Industrial Hygienist did the sample collection and independent labs conducted all analytical work.

Data collected was evaluated and compared to limits set by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienis ts (ACGIH) and OSHA. As a worse case scenario, calculations were completed based on a sealed 800 ft3 room with no ventilation. These calculations would indicate that the copper fume PEL would be the limiting factor. Under normal outdoor use or in ventilated areas threshold limits are beyond any expected exposure limits.

Product name:CADWELD® Plus Welding MaterialPage:6/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_PLUS_USVersion number:US-EN/4.0

Occupational exposure limits:

CAS-No.:	Chemical name:	As:	Exposure limits:	Type:	Notes:	References:
7429-90-5	Aluminum, metal, respirable fraction	Al	5 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7429-90-5	Aluminum, metal, total dust	Al	15 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7429-90-5	Aluminum metal, respirable fraction	-	1 mg/m3	TWA	A4	ACGIH
7440-21-3	Silicon, respirable fraction	-	5 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7440-21-3	Silicon, total dust	-	15 mg/m3	TWA	_	OSHA
7440-31-5	Tin, metal	Sn	2 mg/m3	TWA	-	ACGIH
7440-50-8	Copper, dusts and mists	Cu	1 mg/m3	TWA	_	OSHA
7440-50-8	Copper, fume	Cu	0.1 mg/m3	TWA	_	OSHA
7440-50-8	Copper dusts and mists	Cu	1 mg/m3	TWA	_	ACGIH
7440-50-8	Copper, fume	-	0.2 mg/m3	TWA	_	ACGIH
-	Fluorides	F	2.5 mg/m3	TWA	_	OSHA
-	Fluorides	F	2.5 mg/m3	TWA	A4; BEI	ACGIH
N	0.4.5					

Notes: A4: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

Exposure controls

<u>Engineering measures:</u> Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and

minimise the risk of inhalation of dust and fumes.

<u>Personal protection:</u> Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the relevant

standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Use special welding equipment for protection of eyes, skin and

respiratory system.

Respiratory equipment: Normal use precludes use of special protection as material is generally used

out of doors, in small quantities and is of short duration. In case of inadequate ventilation and work of long duration or on large surface areas in confined rooms. Wear suitable respiratory equipment for dusts and metal fumes.

<u>Hand protection:</u> Heat insulated protective gloves. Recommended for handling hot equipment.

Eye protection: Wear goggles/face shield. Avoid direct eye contact with "flash" of light from

reaction.

<u>Skin protection:</u> Use protective clothing, which covers arms and legs.

<u>Hygiene measures:</u> Wash hands after handling. Change contaminated clothing.

Product name: CADWELD® Plus Welding Material Page: 7/12

Supersedes date: 2013-09-25 Revision: 2015-07-21 SDS-ID: CADWELD_PLUS_US Version number: US-EN/4.0

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: Granular.

Color: Gray-black

Odor: Odorless.

pH: Not available.

Melting point / freezing point: 2000°F

Boiling point:

Evaporation rate:

Vapor pressure:

Vapor density:

Not available.

Not relevant.

Not relevant.

Solubility: Insoluble in water

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water):

<u>Auto-ignition</u> > 1750°F

temperature (°C):

<u>Decomposition</u> Not available.

temperature (°C):

<u>Viscosity:</u> Not relevant.

<u>Explosive properties:</u> Not available.

<u>Oxidizing properties:</u> Not available.

Other information

Other data: SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water=1): 5.5

Product name:CADWELD® Plus Welding MaterialPage:8/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_PLUS_USVersion number:US-EN/4.0

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity: See hazardous reactions.

Chemical stability

Stable. Not sensitive to vibrations, shock or impact and is not subject to

spontaneous ignition.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

<u>Hazardous Reactions:</u> Aggressive reactions are possible if excess moisture is present in the mold or on

the conductors to be welded. Care should be taken to ensure proper preparation

in accordance with instruction prints.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions/materials to avoid: Temperatures above ignition point. 1750°F

Incompatible materials

<u>Incompatible materials:</u> Typical of problems associated with molten metals.

Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Hazardous decomposition</u> None under normal conditions. Polymerization will not occur.

products:

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

<u>Inhalation:</u> Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. Heating

above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular

pain.

Skin contact: Dust has an irritating effect on moist skin. Prolonged and/or repeated contact:

May cause eczema-like skin disorders (dermatitis). The molten product can

cause serious burns.

Eye contact: Particles/fumes in the eyes may cause discomfort/irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.

Dicopper oxide: LD50 > 500 mg/kg

Specific effects: Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time increases the risk of

developing lung diseases. Copper oxide may by repeated or prolonged inhalation occasionally cause ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum. Long term

exposure to copper containing dusts may cause allergic dermatitis.

This product contains no ingredient listed on the NTP, OSHA or IARC carcinogen

lists.

Product name:CADWELD® Plus Welding MaterialPage:9/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_PLUS_USVersion number:US-EN/4.0

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecotoxicity: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Dicopper oxide: EC50 (Daphnia magna, 48 hours): 0.51 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

<u>Degradability:</u> The product solely consists of inorganic compounds which are not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available on bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil

Mobility: The product is not volatile but may be spread by dust-raising handling.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB: This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Product name:CADWELD® Plus Welding MaterialPage:10/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_PLUS_USVersion number:US-EN/4.0

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The product material has been tested by independent facilities in accordance with D.O.T. / U.N. CFR 49 and I.A.T.A. Dangerous Goods Regulations to determine the applicable ratings of this material. Based on the results of this testing, the exothermic mixture contained within the CADWELD PLUS unit and the unit itself is not classified as a flammable solid. These findings indicate that no special package label and no special restrictions apply for transport or shipping of this material by motor vehicle, rail car, sea or air.

<u>UN number</u>	
<u>UN-No:</u>	-
UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name:	-
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class:	-
Packing group	
PG:	-
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant:	-
Environmentally Hazardous	-

<u>Special precautions:</u>
<u>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code</u>

<u>Transport in bulk:</u> -

Special precautions for user

substance:

Product name:CADWELD® Plus Welding MaterialPage:11/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_PLUS_USVersion number:US-EN/4.0

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

<u>Special provisions:</u> State and local regulation may apply.

TSCA: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory.

SARA Section 302: No SARA Section 313: Yes

NFPA Rating: Health:2 Fire:1 Reactivity:1 Other:-

HMIS Rating: Health:2 Fire:1 Reactivity:1 Personal protection:B

B = Safety Glasses and Gloves.

<u>National regulation:</u> The following lists have been checked:

Threshold Limit Values (2014), ACGIH, by the American Conference on

Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

The Code of Federal Regulation, Title 29, part 1910. Occupational Safety and

Health Standards, Air contaminants (OSHA), with amendments.

NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards.

The Code of Federal Regulation, Title 29, part 1910. Occupational Safety and

Health Standards, Hazard Communication, with amendments.

U.S. Department of health and human services: 2014 - Report on Carcinogens -

13th Edition.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): IARC Monographs on the

Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. Lyon: IARC, World Health

Organization.

Threshold Limit Values (2015), ACGIH, by the American Conference on

Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

The Code of Federal Regulation. Title 40, part 355.50. Emergency Planning and

Notification.

The Code of Federal Regulation. Title 40, part 372.65. Toxic Chemical Release

Reporting: Community Right to Know.

Chemical Safety Assessment in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH)

CSA status: Not relevant.

Product name:CADWELD® Plus Welding MaterialPage:12/12Supersedes date:2013-09-25Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_PLUS_USVersion number:US-EN/4.0

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The user must be instructed in the proper work procedure and be familiar with the contents of these instructions.

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16

<u>Abbreviations and acronyms</u> PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic. <u>used in the safety data sheet:</u> vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

Wording of H-statements:

H228 Flammable solid.

H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412
 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The information on this data sheet represents our current data and is reliable provided that the product is used under the prescribed conditions and in accordance with the application specified on the packaging and/or in the technical guidance literature. Any other use of the product which involves using the product in combination with any other product or any other process is the responsibility of the user.

Product name:CADWELD® Starting MaterialPage:1/12Supersedes date:2013-02-19Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_SM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product name: CADWELD® Starting Material

Inclusive of material types: F20, F80, F33, XF19, F76, RBF, Aluminum.

Applicable prefixes: CA, SB, PB, XF, ACB, ACC, RBF

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application: Exothermic Welding material

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer ERICO International Corporation

34600 Solon Road Solon, Ohio 44139 Tel:(440) 248-0100

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone: Chemtel

1-800-255-3924 USA

+01-813-248-0585 International

Product name:CADWELD® Starting MaterialPage:2/12Supersedes date:2013-02-19Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_SM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.1

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

This product is not sold separately. The following information is provided in regards to the final product making use of Starting Material as its ignition component.

OSHA 2012: Flammable Solid, category 2;H228 - Acute Toxicity, category 4;H302

Label elements



WARNING

H228 Flammable solid.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume

P280 Wear eye protection and gloves.

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P330 Rinse mouth.

Other hazards

Other: Improper use of the product or inadequate preparation of the conductors, molds

or surroundings can result in aggressive reactions. Self-propagating high temperature reaction will occur if heated above ignition temperature. Generates molten metal in excess of 2500°F (1370°C), slag and dense, dusty smoke. The molten product can cause serious burns. Inhalation of powder or fumes may cause metal fume fever. Exposure to reaction by-products: See section 8.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Only classified substances above threshold limits are shown.

Product name:CADWELD® Starting MaterialPage:3/12Supersedes date:2013-02-19Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_SM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.1

OSHA 2012:

<u>%:</u>	CAS-No.:	EC No.:	REACH Reg. No:	Chemical name:	Hazard classification:	Notes:
30-60	7429-90-5	231-072-3	01-2119529243- 45-	Aluminium powder (stabilised)	Water-react. 2;H261 Flam. Sol. 1;H228	
1-30	1317-38-0	215-269-1	01-2119502447- 44-	Copper oxide	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 3;H412	M = 1
1-<25	1317-39-1	215-270-7	01-2119513794- 36-	Dicopper oxide	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 1;H410	M = 1

Notes: M: M-Factor

References: The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Molten product will cause skin burns and if in contact with eyes while in a molten state may cause serious damage.

Inhalation: Inhalation of welding fumes/Dust inhalation: Move into fresh air and keep at rest.

In case of persistent throat irritation or coughing: Seek medical attention and

bring these instructions.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water. If material is

hot, treat for thermal burns and get immediate medical attention.

Eye contact: Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eye. Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to

15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids widely. If irritation

persists: Seek medical attention and bring these instructions.

<u>Ingestion:</u> Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Keep person under

observation. If person becomes uncomfortable seek hospital and bring these

instructions.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects: Inhalation of powder or fumes may cause metal fume fever. Symptoms like

headache, fatigue and nausea may appear. See section 11 for more detailed

information on health effects and symptoms.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical attention/treatments: Burns (in contact with molten metal, slag or hot equipment): Flush with water

immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.

Product name: CADWELD® Starting Material 4/12 Page: Supersedes date: 2013-02-19 Revision: 2015-07-21 SDS-ID: CADWELD_SM_US US-EN/3.1 Version number:

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Extinguish with dry sand and/or flood with large amounts of water.

> Extinguishing media which are not suitable: Hand water buckets or hand storage pumps. Molten metal contact with water can cause small pockets of superheated

steam.

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards: During fire, health hazardous gases may be formed.

Ignition temperature: 850°F

The ignition of the packaging materials may, in rare cases, lead to ignition. Direct application of water is not recommended. This product makes use of fine grade aluminums that have the potential to have adverse chemical reactions if exposed to large volumes of water. These reactions can result in evolution of hydrogen gas that can significantly increase fire intensity and potential "explosion" hazards.

Ignition of large quantities of exothermic materials may result in large volumes of

dense smoke.

Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment for

fire-fighters:

Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire

precautions indicated in the workplace.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not breathe fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet.

Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate well.

Environmental precautions

Environmental

precautions:

Precaution should be taken to prevent hot material and reaction byproducts from contact with combustible materials in surrounding areas. Avoid spreading dust or contaminated materials. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Contact

local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spill Cleanup Methods: Remove sources of ignition. Sweep up spilled substance and remove to safe

place.

For large spills use natural fiber brush or broom with a conductive, non-sparking

pan.

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13. References:

Product name:CADWELD® Starting MaterialPage:5/12Supersedes date:2013-02-19Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_SM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.1

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling advice: Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not breathe fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Observe good chemical hygiene practices. CADWELD Exothermic Welding Materials and Filler Materials are designed for use in CADWELD equipment only. Use of improper or damaged equipment can lead to exposure to molten metal

and reaction byproducts.

<u>Technical measures:</u> Do not smoke or use open fire or other sources of ignition. Work practice should

minimize risk of contact. All product instructions should be followed to ensure proper welding and safety. For additional information, see American National

Standard, Safety In Welding And Cutting, and Z49.1.

<u>Technical precautions:</u> Confined space: Local exhaust is recommended.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures for safe

storage:

CADWELD Electrical Welding Materials and Filler Materials should be stored in a clean, dry and secure location. Storage should include provisions to minimize rough handling, excessive vibration and physical abuse. All outer packages must be stored in accordance with label markings. Follow the rules for storage of

flammable products.

Storage conditions: If evidence is present of damaged or contaminated products, these units should

not be used.

If proper storage is maintained, CADWELD Materials do not exhibit any storage

or shelf life.

Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): Welding material

Product name:CADWELD® Starting MaterialPage:6/12Supersedes date:2013-02-19Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_SM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.1

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

A detailed fume analysis was conducted on CADWELD Starting Material. Reaction byproducts were tested for total dust, respirable dust, metals, acids, fluorides, and various elements identified in typical welding fume analysis. All sampling and analysis followed methodologies dictated by the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). A certified Industrial Hygienist did the sample collection and independent labs conducted all analytical work.

Data collected was evaluated and compared to limits set by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) and OSHA. No threshold limits are attainable with use of this product as intended.

Occupational exposure limits:

CAS-No.:	Chemical name:	As:	Exposure limits:	Type:	Notes:	References:
7429-90-5	Aluminum, metal, respirable fraction	Al	5 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7429-90-5	Aluminum, metal, total dust	Al	15 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7429-90-5	Aluminum metal, respirable fraction	-	1 mg/m3	TWA	A4	ACGIH
7440-50-8	Copper, dusts and mists	Cu	1 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
7440-50-8	Copper dusts and mists	Cu	1 mg/m3	TWA	=	ACGIH
7440-50-8	Copper, fume	-	0.2 mg/m3	TWA	-	ACGIH
7440-50-8	Copper, fume	Cu	0.1 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
1309-37-1	Iron oxide fume	-	10 mg/m3	TWA	-	OSHA
-	Iron oxide (Fe2O3), respirable fraction	-	5 mg/m3	TWA	A4	ACGIH

Notes: A4: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and

minimise the risk of inhalation of dust and fumes.

<u>Personal protection:</u> Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the relevant

standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Use special welding equipment for protection of eyes, skin and

respiratory system.

Respiratory equipment: Normal use precludes use of special protection as material is generally used

out of doors, in small quantities and is of short duration. In case of inadequate ventilation and work of long duration or on large surface areas in confined rooms. Wear suitable respiratory equipment for dusts and metal fumes.

<u>Hand protection:</u> Heat insulated protective gloves. Recommended for handling hot equipment.

Eye protection: Wear goggles/face shield. Avoid direct eye contact with "flash" of light from

reaction.

Skin protection: Use protective clothing, which covers arms and legs.

<u>Hygiene measures:</u> Wash hands after handling. Change contaminated clothing.

Product name: CADWELD® Starting Material Page: 7/12
Supersedes date: 2013-02-19 Revision: 2015-07-21

SDS-ID: CADWELD_SM_US Version number: US-EN/3.1

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: Powder

Color: Gray-black

Odor: Odorless.

pH: Not available.

Melting point / freezing point: 1220°F

Boiling point: Not available.

Evaporation rate: Not relevant.

Vapor pressure: Not relevant.

Vapor density: Not relevant.

Solubility: Insoluble in water

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water):

Auto-ignition >850°F

temperature (°C):

<u>Decomposition</u> Not available.

temperature (°C):

<u>Viscosity:</u> Not relevant.

<u>Explosive properties:</u> Not available.

<u>Oxidizing properties:</u> Not available.

Other information

Other data: SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water=1): 4.0

Product name:CADWELD® Starting MaterialPage:8/12Supersedes date:2013-02-19Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_SM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.1

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity: See hazardous reactions.

Chemical stability

Stable. Not sensitive to vibrations, shock or impact and is not subject to

spontaneous ignition.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

<u>Hazardous Reactions:</u> Aggressive reactions are possible if excess moisture is present in the mold or on

the conductors to be welded. Care should be taken to ensure proper preparation

in accordance with instruction prints.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions/materials to avoid: Temperatures above ignition point. 850°F

Incompatible materials

<u>Incompatible materials:</u> Typical of problems associated with molten metals.

Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Hazardous decomposition</u> None under normal conditions. Polymerization will not occur.

products:

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

<u>Inhalation:</u> Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. Heating

above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular

pain.

Skin contact: Dust has an irritating effect on moist skin. Prolonged and/or repeated contact:

May cause eczema-like skin disorders (dermatitis). The molten product can

cause serious burns.

Eye contact: Particles/fumes in the eyes may cause discomfort/irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.

Dicopper oxide: LD50 > 500 mg/kg

Specific effects: Frequent inhalation of dust over a long period of time increases the risk of

developing lung diseases. Copper oxide may by repeated or prolonged inhalation occasionally cause ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum. Long term

exposure to copper containing dusts may cause allergic dermatitis.

This product contains no ingredient listed on the NTP, OSHA or IARC carcinogen

lists.

Product name:CADWELD® Starting MaterialPage:9/12Supersedes date:2013-02-19Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_SM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.1

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecotoxicity: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Dicopper oxide: EC50 (Daphnia magna, 48 hours): 0.51 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

<u>Degradability:</u> The product solely consists of inorganic compounds which are not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available on bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil

Mobility: The product is not volatile but may be spread by dust-raising handling.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB: This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Product name:CADWELD® Starting MaterialPage:10/12Supersedes date:2013-02-19Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_SM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.1

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not shipped or sold separately

Due to the minimal quantity present per package, this material and the CADWELD Welding Materials and Filler Materials package is shipped under provisions outlined under D.O.T. / U.N. 49 CFR 171.1 "General Regulations for the Transportation of Hazardous Material" and 173.4 "Exceptions for Small Quantities". All materials are packaged and marked at the factory in full compliance with these regulations.

UN number

<u>UN-No:</u> 3089

UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name: METAL POWDER, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Aluminum powder (stabilized))

Transport hazard class(es)

<u>Class:</u> 4.1

Packing group

PG:

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: -

Environmentally Hazardous

substance:

Special precautions for user

Special precautions: -

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

<u>Transport in bulk:</u> -

Product name:CADWELD® Starting MaterialPage:11/12Supersedes date:2013-02-19Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_SM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.1

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

<u>Special provisions:</u> State and local regulation may apply.

TSCA: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory.

SARA Section 302: No SARA Section 313: Yes

NFPA Rating: Health:2 Fire:1 Reactivity:1 Other:-

HMIS Rating: Health:2 Fire:1 Reactivity:1 Personal protection:B

B = Safety Glasses and Gloves.

<u>National regulation:</u> The following lists have been checked:

Threshold Limit Values (2014), ACGIH, by the American Conference on

Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

The Code of Federal Regulation, Title 29, part 1910. Occupational Safety and

Health Standards, Air contaminants (OSHA), with amendments.

NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards.

The Code of Federal Regulation, Title 29, part 1910. Occupational Safety and

Health Standards, Hazard Communication, with amendments.

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13th Edition.

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Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. Lyon: IARC, World Health

Organization.

Threshold Limit Values (2015), ACGIH, by the American Conference on

Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

The Code of Federal Regulation. Title 40, part 355.50. Emergency Planning and

Notification.

The Code of Federal Regulation. Title 40, part 372.65. Toxic Chemical Release

Reporting: Community Right to Know.

Chemical Safety Assessment in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH)

CSA status: Not relevant.

Product name:CADWELD® Starting MaterialPage:12/12Supersedes date:2013-02-19Revision:2015-07-21SDS-ID:CADWELD_SM_USVersion number:US-EN/3.1

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The user must be instructed in the proper work procedure and be familiar with the contents of these instructions.

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 2, 3, 4, 7, 13, 14, 15, 16.

<u>Abbreviations and acronyms</u> PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic. <u>used in the safety data sheet:</u> vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

Wording of H-statements:

H228 Flammable solid.

H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412
 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The information on this data sheet represents our current data and is reliable provided that the product is used under the prescribed conditions and in accordance with the application specified on the packaging and/or in the technical guidance literature. Any other use of the product which involves using the product in combination with any other product or any other process is the responsibility of the user.

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: CARLON ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS ALL WEATHER QUICKSET CLEAR CEMENT Product Numbers: VC9981P, VC9982, VC9983, VC9984, VC9983, VC9985C, VC9983C

Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe Product Use: Formula: PVC Resin in Solvent Solution

Synonyms: PVC Plastic Pipe Cement

CARLON ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS c/o OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street Firm Name &

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland, Ohio 44135, U.S.A.

http://www.oatey.com

Oatey Phone Number: (216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532

Emergency Phone For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For Numbers: chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at

1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.

Prepared By: Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance

Preparation Date: August 25, 2005

SECTION 2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS:	%wt/wt:	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA	A: OTHER:
Tetrahydrofuran	40 - 55%	109-99-9	50 ppm(skin)	200 ppm	25 ppm (Mfg)
			100 ppm STEL		
PVC Resin	12 - 24%	9002-86-2	10 mg/m3	15 mg/m3	None
(Non-hazardous)				-	
Acetone	10 - 25%	67-64-1	500 ppm	1000 ppm	None
			750 ppm STEL		
Cyclohexanone	10 - 20%	108-94-1	20 ppm(skin)	50 ppm	None
_			50 ppm STEL		
Amorphous Fumed Sili	ca 1 - 5%	112945-52-	-5 10 mg/m3	None	None
(Non-hazardous)			-	Established	
OSHA Hazard Classifi	cation.	Flammab	ole. irritant.	organ effects	

OSHA Hazard Classification: Flammable, irritant, organ effects

SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Clear liquid with an ether-like odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

FIRST AID MEASURES SECTION 4

CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with Skin: soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove

dried cement with Oatey Plumber's Hand Cleaner or baby oil.

If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately Eyes:

flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If

irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing

becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial

respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything

by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center

or hospital.

Page: 2 of 5

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flashpoint / Method: 0 - 5 Degrees F. (-18 - -15 Degrees C / PMCC

LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.8 % Volume Flammability:

Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire Extinguishing exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an Media:

extinguishing agent.

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained Special Fire Fighting breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in

Procedure: areas where chemicals are used or stored

Unusual Fire and Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all Explosion sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted Hazards:

cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age. Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including

Hazardous

Decomposition carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

Products:

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it Leak can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should Procedures: wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators

if vapor concentrations are high. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other non-combusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for

disposal information.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors

or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other

sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep

containers closed when not in use.

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible Storage:

materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.

"Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Other:

Follow all MSDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut

or weld on or near empty or full containers.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION SECTION 8

Ventilation: Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining

emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of

solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot

surfaces.

Respiratory For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH

Protection: approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and

concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained

breathing apparatus.

Skin Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long

Protection: exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as

4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

SECTION 8 (Continued)

Page: 3 of 5

Eye Safety glasses with sideshields or safety goggles.

Protection:

Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 151 Degrees F / 66 Degrees C

Melting Point: Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure: 145 mmHg @ 20 Degrees C

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) 2.5

Volatile Components: 81-85% Solubility In Water: Negligible pH: Not Applicable

Specific Gravity: 0.94 +/- 0.01 @ 20 Degrees C

Evaporation Rate: (BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0

Appearance: Clear Liquid
Odor: Ether-Like
Will Dissolve In: Tetrahydrofuran

Material Is: Liquid

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Conditions To Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors
Decomposition including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen

Products: chloride.

Incompatibility/ Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine Materials To Avoid: compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and

sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack

plastic, resins and rubber.

Hazardous Will not occur.

Polymerization:

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory

irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness.

May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

Skin: May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Cyclohexanone

may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those

listed under inhalation.

Eye: Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation

with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye

damage.

Ingestion: Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and

diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver

damage.

Chronic Prolonged or repeated overexposure cause dermatitis and damage

Toxicity: to the kidney, liver, lungs and central nervous system.

Toxicity Data: Acetone: Oral rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kg

Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100 mg/m3/8 hours

Cyclohexanone: Oral rat LD50: 1,620 mg/kg

Inhalation rat LC50: 8,000 ppm/4 hours

Skin rabbit LD50: 1 mL/kg

Tetrahydrofuran: Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg

Inhalation rat LC50: 21,000 ppm/3 hours

Page: 4 of 5

SECTION 11 (Continued)

Sensitization: Carcinogenicity:

None of the components are known to cause sensitization. None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. The National Toxicology Program has reported that exposure of mice and rats to tetrahydrofuran (THF) vapor levels up to 1800 ppm 6 hr/day, 5 days/week for their lifetime caused an increased incidence of kidney tumors in male rats and liver tumors in female mice. The significance of these findings for human health is unclear at this time, and may be related to "species specific" effects. Elevated incidences of tumors in humans have not been reported for THF. ACGIH has classified cyclohexanone (CYH) and tetrahydrofuran as "A3," Confirmed Animal Carcinogens with Unknown Relevance to Humans. Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian

Mutagenicity:

assays. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought

not to be mutagenic.

Reproductive Toxicity:

Cyclohexanone has been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals.

Acetone and tetrahydrofuran have been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other

toxic effects to the mother.

Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure:

SECTION 12

Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. Cyclohexanone: 96 hour LC50 values for fish is over 100 mg/l. Tetrahydrofuran: 96 hour LC50 fathead minnow: 2160 mg/L.

Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.

This product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use. VOC Information: Make sure that use of this product complies with local VOC emission

regulations, where they exist.

VOC Level: 600 g/l per SCAQMD Test Method 316A.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal

regulations.

EPA Hazard Waste Class: Ignitable Waste.

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: U002, U057, U213 EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: D001, F003

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SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Less than 1 Liter (0.3 gal) Greater than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)

Proper Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity Adhesives 3, PGII Hazard Class/Packing Group: ORM-D UN/NA Number: UN1133 None

Hazard Labels: None Flammable Liquid

IMDG

Proper Shipping Name: Adhesives Adhesives Hazard Class/Packing Group: 3, II 3, II UN Number: UN1133 UN1133

Label: None (Limited Quantities Class 3 (Flammable

> are excepted Liquid)

from labeling)

2004 North American Emergency Response Guidebook Number: 127 or 128

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Category for Section Acute Health, Chronic Health, Flammable

311/312:

Section 302 Extremely

Hazardous Substances (TPO): under SARA Section 302.

CERCLA 103 Reportable

Quantity:

This product does not contain chemicals regulated

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains no chemicals subject to SARA

Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements. Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable

quantity) must be reported to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ for Tetrahydrofuran (55% maximum) of 1,000 lbs, is 1,818

lbs. Many states have more stringent release

reporting requirements. Report spills required under

federal, state and local regulations.

This product contains trace amounts of chemicals California Proposition 65:

known to the State of to cause cancer. Under normal Use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No Significant Risk

Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. Oatey strongly encourages the use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 to minimize exposure to these chemicals.

All of the components of this product are listed on TSCA Inventory:

the TSCA inventory.

Canadian WHIMS Classification: Class B, Division 2; Class D, Division 2,

Subdivision B. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all

the information required by the CPR.

SECTION 16

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None

HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: CARLON ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS STANDARD CLEAR PVC SOLVENT CEMENT

Product Numbers: VC9961P, VC9962, VC9963, VC9964, VC9963C, VC9965C

Product Use: Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe Formula: PVC Resin in Solvent Solution

Synonyms: PVC Plastic Pipe Cement

Firm Name & CARLON ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS c/o OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland, Ohio 44135, U.S.A.

http://www.oatey.com

Oatey Phone Number: (216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532

Emergency Phone For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For Numbers: chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at

1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.

Prepared By: Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance

Preparation Date: August 25, 2005

SECTION 2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS:	<u>%wt/wt:</u>	CAS NUMBER: A	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA:	OTHER:
Tetrahydrofuran	30 - 65%	109-99-9	50 ppm(skin)	200 ppm	25 ppm (Mfg)
			100 ppm STEL		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	10 - 30%	78-93-3	200 ppm	200 ppm	None
			300 ppm STEL		
Acetone	10 - 20%	67-64-1	500 ppm	1000 ppm	None
			750 ppm STEL		
PVC Resin	10 - 20%	9002-86-2	10 mg/m3	15 mg/m3	None
(Non-hazardous)					
Cyclohexanone	7 - 13%	108-94-1	20 ppm(skin)	50 ppm	None
			50 ppm STEL		
Amorphous Fumed Silic	a 1 - 5%	112945-52-5	5 10 mg/m3	None	None
(Non-hazardous)				Established	

OSHA Hazard Classification: Flammable, irritant, organ effects

SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Clear liquid with an ether-like odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with

soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove

dried cement with Oatey Plumber's Hand Cleaner or baby oil.

Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately

flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If

irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing

becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial

respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything

by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center

or hospital.

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SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flashpoint / Method: 0 - 5 Degrees F. (-18 - -15 Degrees C / PMCC

Flammability: LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.8 % Volume

Extinguishing Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire Media: exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an

extinguishing agent.

Special Fire Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained

Fighting breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in Procedure: areas where chemicals are used or stored

Unusual Fire and Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all Explosion sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted Hazards: cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or

explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age. Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including

Hazardous Decomposition carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

Products:

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it Spill or Leak can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators Procedures:

if vapor concentrations are high. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other non-combusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for

disposal information.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors

> or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other

sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep

containers closed when not in use.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible

materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.

"Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Other:

Follow all MSDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut

or weld on or near empty or full containers.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining

emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot

surfaces.

Respiratory For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH

Protection: approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is

recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained

breathing apparatus.

Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long Skin

exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as Protection:

4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

Page: 3 of 5

SECTION 8 (Continued)

Safety glasses with sideshields or safety goggles. Eye

Protection:

Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

151 Degrees F / 66 Degrees C Boiling Point:

Melting Point: Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure: 145 mmHg @ 20 Degrees C

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) 2.5Volatile Components: 81-85% Solubility In Water: Negligible

Not Applicable

Specific Gravity: 0.94 +/- 0.01 @ 20 Degrees C

Evaporation Rate: (BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0

Appearance: Clear Liquid Odor: Ether-Like Will Dissolve In: Tetrahydrofuran

Material Is: Liquid

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Conditions To Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors Hazardous Decomposition including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen

Products: chloride.

Incompatibility/ Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine Materials To Avoid: compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and

sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack

plastic, resins and rubber.

Hazardous Will not occur.

Polymerization:

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory

> irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness.

May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Cyclohexanone Skin:

may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those

listed under inhalation.

Eye: Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation

with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye

damage.

Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and Ingestion:

diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver

damage.

Chronic Prolonged or repeated overexposure cause dermatitis and damage

Toxicity: to the kidney, liver, lungs and central nervous system.

Toxicity Data: Oral rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kg Acetone:

Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100 mg/m3/8 hours

Oral rat LD50: 1,620 mg/kg Cyclohexanone:

Inhalation rat LC50: 8,000 ppm/4 hours

Skin rabbit LD50: 1 mL/kg

Tetrahydrofuran: Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg

Inhalation rat LC50: 21,000 ppm/3 hours

Methyl Ethyl Ketone: Oral rat LD50: 2,737mg/kg

Inhalation rat LC50: 23,500mg/m3/8 hours

Skin rabbit LD50: 6,480 mg/kg

Page: 4 of 5

SECTION 11 (Continued)

Exposure:

Sensitization: None of the components are known to cause sensitization.

Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect

carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. The National Toxicology Program has reported that exposure of mice and rats to tetrahydrofuran (THF) vapor levels up to 1800 ppm 6 hr/day, 5 days/week for their lifetime caused an increased incidence of kidney tumors in male rats and liver tumors in female mice. The significance of these findings for human health is unclear at this time, and may be related to "species specific" effects. Elevated incidences of tumors in humans have not been reported for THF. ACGIH has classified cyclohexanone (CYH) and tetrahydrofuran as "A3,"

Confirmed Animal Carcinogens with Unknown Relevance to Humans. Mutagenicity: Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian

assays. Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are

generally thought not to be mutagenic.

Reproductive Cyclohexanone and methyl ethyl ketone have been shown to cause Toxicity: embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals.

Acetone and tetrahydrofuran have been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other

toxic effects to the mother.

Medical Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders

Conditions may be at increased risk from exposure to this product. Aggravated By

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. Cyclohexanone: 96 hour LC50 values for fish is over 100 mg/l.

Tetrahydrofuran: 96 hour LC50 fathead minnow: 2160 mg/L.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.

Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.

VOC This product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use.

Information: Make sure that use of this product complies with local VOC emission

regulations, where they exist.

VOC Level: 600 g/l per SCAQMD Test Method 316A.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal

regulations.

RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: U002, U057, U159, U213 EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: D001, D035, F003, F005

EPA Hazard Waste Class: Ignitable Waste. Toxic Waste (Methyl Ethyl Ketone content)

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TRANSPORT INFORMATION SECTION 14

DOT Less than 1 Liter (0.3 gal) Greater than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)

Proper Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity Adhesives 3, PGII Hazard Class/Packing Group: ORM-D UN/NA Number: UN1133 None

Hazard Labels: None Flammable Liquid

TMDG

Proper Shipping Name: Adhesives Adhesives Hazard Class/Packing Group: 3, II 3, II UN Number: UN1133 UN1133

Label: None (Limited Quantities Class 3 (Flammable

> are excepted Liquid)

from labeling)

2004 North American Emergency Response Guidebook Number: 127 or 128

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Category for Section Acute Health, Chronic Health, Flammable 311/312:

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ):

CERCLA 103 Reportable

Quantity:

California Proposition 65:

TSCA Inventory:

Canadian WHIMS Classification:

This product does not contain chemicals regulated under SARA Section 302.

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following chemicals

subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements:

Chemical CAS # $\overline{\text{Methyl}}$ Ethyl Ketone $\overline{78-93}-3$ 10-30%

Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable quantity) must be reported to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ for Tetrahydrofuran (65% maximum) of 1,000 lbs, is 1,538 lbs. Many states have more stringent release

reporting requirements. Report spills required under

federal, state and local regulations.

This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the State of to cause cancer. Under normal Use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No Significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. Oatey strongly encourages the use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 to minimize exposure to these chemicals.

All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

Class B, Division 2; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled

Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

SECTION 16

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.